## SECOND REGULAR SESSION

[TRULY AGREED TO AND FINALLY PASSED]

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE NO. 2 FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

## SENATE BILL NO. 754

## 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2010

3900S.09T

## AN ACT

To repeal sections 193.145, 193.265, 195.080, 208.010, 214.160, 214.270, 214.276, 214.277, 214.283, 214.290, 214.300, 214.310, 214.320, 214.325, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.345, 214.360, 214.363, 214.365, 214.367, 214.387, 214.392, 214.400, 214.410, 214.500, 214.504, 214.508, 214.512, 214.516, 214.550, 301.142, 334.735, 337.528, 338.100, 339.010, 339.020, 339.030, 339.040, 339.080, 339.110, 339.160, 339.170, 339.710, 344.010, and 344.020, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof fifty-two new sections relating to the licensing of certain professions, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 193.145, 193.265, 195.080, 208.010, 214.160, 214.270, 214.276, 214.277, 214.283, 214.290, 214.300, 214.310, 214.320, 214.325, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.345, 214.360, 214.363, 214.365, 214.367, 214.387, 214.392,

4 214.400, 214.410, 214.500, 214.504, 214.508, 214.512, 214.516, 214.550, 301.142,

5 334.735, 337.528, 338.100, 339.010, 339.020, 339.030, 339.040, 339.080, 339.110,

6 339.160, 339.170, 339.710, 344.010, and 344.020, are repealed and fifty-two new

7 sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 193.145, 193.265,

8 195.080, 208.010, 208.198, 214.160, 214.270, 214.276, 214.277, 214.282, 214.283,

 $9\quad 214.300,\, 214.310,\, 214.320,\, 214.325,\, 214.330,\, 214.335,\, 214.340,\, 214.345,\, 214.360,\\$ 

 $10 \quad 214.363, \, 214.365, \, 214.367, \, 214.387, \, 214.389, \, 214.392, \, 214.400, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.410, \, 214.500, \, 214.$ 

 $11 \quad 214.504, \, 214.508, \, 214.512, \, 214.516, \, 214.550, \, 301.142, \, 334.735, \, 337.528, \, 338.100, \\$ 

12 339.010, 339.020, 339.030, 339.040, 339.080, 339.110, 339.160, 339.170, 339.710,

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13 339.845, 344.010, 344.020, 630.575, and 630.580, to read as follows:

193.145. 1. A certificate of death for each death which occurs in this state shall be filed with the local registrar, or as otherwise directed by the state registrar, within five days after death and shall be registered if such certificate has been completed and filed pursuant to this section. All data providers in the death registration process, including but not limited to the state registrar, local registrars, the state medical examiner, county medical examiners, coroners, funeral directors or persons acting as such, embalmers, sheriffs, attending physicians and resident physicians, and the chief medical officers of licensed health care facilities, and other public or private institutions providing medical care, treatment, or 10 11 confinement to persons shall be required to utilize any electronic death registration system adopted under subsection 1 of section 193.265 13 within six months of the system being certified by the director of the 14 department of health and senior services, or the director's designee, to be operational and available to all data providers in the death 15registration process. Nothing in this subsection shall prevent the state 16 registrar from adopting pilot programs or voluntary electronic death 17registration programs until such time as the system can be certified; 18 however, no such pilot or voluntary electronic death registration 19 program shall prevent the filing of a death certificate with the local 20 registrar or the ability to obtain certified copies of death certificated 21under subsection 2 of section 193.265 until six months after such 22certification that the system is operational. 23

- 2. If the place of death is unknown but the dead body is found in this state, the certificate of death shall be completed and filed pursuant to the provisions of this section. The place where the body is found shall be shown as the place of death. The date of death shall be the date on which the remains were found.
- 3. When death occurs in a moving conveyance in the United States and the body is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the death shall be registered in this state and the place where the body is first removed shall be considered the place of death. When a death occurs on a moving conveyance while in international waters or air space or in a foreign country or its air space and the body is first removed from the conveyance in this state, the death shall be registered in this state but the certificate shall show the actual place of death

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36 if such place may be determined.

- 37 4. The funeral director or person in charge of final disposition of the dead body shall file the certificate of death. The funeral director or person in charge 38 39 of the final disposition of the dead body shall obtain or verify:
- 40 (1) The personal data from the next of kin or the best qualified person or 41 source available; and
- 42(2) The medical certification from the person responsible for such certification. 43
- 5. The medical certification shall be completed, attested to its accuracy either by signature or an electronic process approved by the department, and returned to the funeral director or person in charge of final disposition within seventy-two hours after death by the physician in charge of the patient's care for the illness or condition which resulted in death. In the absence of the physician 48 or with the physician's approval the certificate may be completed and attested to its accuracy either by signature or an approved electronic process by the physician's associate physician, the chief medical officer of the institution in which death occurred, or the physician who performed an autopsy upon the decedent, provided such individual has access to the medical history of the case, 53 views the deceased at or after death and death is due to natural causes. The state registrar may approve alternate methods of obtaining and processing the 56 medical certification and filing the death certificate. The Social Security number of any individual who has died shall be placed in the records relating to the death and recorded on the death certificate.
  - 6. When death occurs from natural causes more than thirty-six hours after the decedent was last treated by a physician, the case shall be referred to the county medical examiner or coroner or physician or local registrar for investigation to determine and certify the cause of death. If the death is determined to be of a natural cause, the medical examiner or coroner or local registrar shall refer the certificate of death to the attending physician for such physician's certification. If the attending physician refuses or is otherwise unavailable, the medical examiner or coroner or local registrar shall attest to the accuracy of the certificate of death either by signature or an approved electronic process within thirty-six hours.
  - 7. If the circumstances suggest that the death was caused by other than natural causes, the medical examiner or coroner shall determine the cause of death and shall complete and attest to the accuracy either by signature or an

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72 approved electronic process the medical certification within seventy-two hours 73 after taking charge of the case.

- 8. If the cause of death cannot be determined within seventy-two hours after death, the attending medical examiner or coroner or attending physician or local registrar shall give the funeral director, or person in charge of final disposition of the dead body, notice of the reason for the delay, and final disposition of the body shall not be made until authorized by the medical examiner or coroner, attending physician or local registrar.
  - 9. When a death is presumed to have occurred within this state but the body cannot be located, a death certificate may be prepared by the state registrar upon receipt of an order of a court of competent jurisdiction which shall include the finding of facts required to complete the death certificate. Such a death certificate shall be marked "Presumptive", show on its face the date of registration, and identify the court and the date of decree.

193.265. 1. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of thirteen dollars for the first certification or copy and a fee of ten dollars for each additional copy ordered at that time. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a birth, marriage, divorce, or fetal death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of fifteen dollars. All fees shall be deposited 6 to the state department of revenue. Beginning August 28, 2004, for each vital records fee collected, the director of revenue shall credit four dollars to the 8 general revenue fund, five dollars to the children's trust fund, one dollar shall be 9 credited to the endowed care cemetery audit fund, and three dollars for the first copy of death records and five dollars for birth, marriage, divorce, and fetal death 10 records shall be credited to the Missouri public services health fund established 11 in section 192.900, RSMo. Money in the endowed care cemetery audit fund shall 12 be available by appropriation to the division of professional registration to pay 13 its expenses in administering sections 214.270 to 214.410, RSMo. All interest earned on money deposited in the endowed care cemetery audit fund shall be 15 credited to the endowed care cemetery fund. Notwithstanding the provisions of 16 section 33.080, RSMo, to the contrary, money placed in the endowed care 17 18 cemetery audit fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of general 19 revenue until the amount in the fund at the end of the biennium exceeds three 20 times the amount of the appropriation from the endowed care cemetery audit fund for the preceding fiscal year. The money deposited in the public health services 21fund under this section shall be deposited in a separate account in the fund, and 22

moneys in such account, upon appropriation, shall be used to automate and improve the state vital records system, and develop and maintain an electronic birth and death registration system [which shall be implemented no later than December 31, 2009]. For any search of the files and records, when no record is found, the state shall be entitled to a fee equal to the amount for a certification of a vital record for a five-year search to be paid by the applicant. For the processing of each legitimation, adoption, court order or recording after the registrant's twelfth birthday, the state shall be entitled to a fee equal to the amount for a certification of a vital record. Except whenever a certified copy or copies of a vital record is required to perfect any claim of any person on relief, or any dependent of any person who was on relief for any claim upon the government of the state or United States, the state registrar shall, upon request, furnish a certified copy or so many certified copies as are necessary, without any fee or compensation therefor.

2. For the issuance of a certification of a death record by the local registrar, the applicant shall pay a fee of thirteen dollars for the first certification or copy and a fee of ten dollars for each additional copy ordered at that time. For the issuance of a certification or copy of a birth, marriage, divorce, or fetal death record, the applicant shall pay a fee of fifteen dollars. All fees shall be deposited to the official city or county health agency. A certified copy of a death record by the local registrar can only be issued within twenty-four hours of receipt of the record by the local registrar. Computer-generated certifications of death records may be issued by the local registrar after twenty-four hours of receipt of the records. The fees paid to the official county health agency shall be retained by the local agency for local public health purposes.

195.080. 1. Except as otherwise in sections 195.005 to 195.425 specifically provided, sections 195.005 to 195.425 shall not apply to the following cases: prescribing, administering, dispensing or selling at retail of liniments, ointments, and other preparations that are susceptible of external use only and that contain controlled substances in such combinations of drugs as to prevent the drugs from being readily extracted from such liniments, ointments, or preparations, except that sections 195.005 to 195.425 shall apply to all liniments, ointments, and other preparations that contain coca leaves in any quantity or combination.

2. The quantity of Schedule II controlled substances prescribed or dispensed at any one time shall be limited to a thirty-day supply. The quantity of Schedule III, IV or V controlled substances prescribed or dispensed at any one

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time shall be limited to a ninety-day supply and shall be prescribed and 1213 dispensed in compliance with the general provisions of sections 195.005 to 195.425. The supply limitations provided in this subsection may be increased up 14 15 to three months if the physician describes on the prescription form or indicates via telephone, fax, or electronic communication to the pharmacy to be entered on 16 17 or attached to the prescription form the medical reason for requiring the larger supply. The supply limitations provided in this subsection shall not 18 19 apply if the prescription is dispensed directly to a member of the United States armed forces serving outside the United States. 20

3. The partial filling of a prescription for a Schedule II substance is permissible as defined by regulation by the department of health and senior services.

208.010. 1. In determining the eligibility of a claimant for public assistance pursuant to this law, it shall be the duty of the division of family 2 services to consider and take into account all facts and circumstances surrounding the claimant, including his or her living conditions, earning capacity, income and resources, from whatever source received, and if from all the facts and circumstances the claimant is not found to be in need, assistance shall be denied. 6 In determining the need of a claimant, the costs of providing medical treatment which may be furnished pursuant to sections 208.151 to 208.158 and 208.162 shall be disregarded. The amount of benefits, when added to all other income, 10 resources, support, and maintenance shall provide such persons with reasonable subsistence compatible with decency and health in accordance with the standards 11 developed by the division of family services; provided, when a husband and wife 1213 are living together, the combined income and resources of both shall be considered in determining the eligibility of either or both. "Living together" for 14 the purpose of this chapter is defined as including a husband and wife separated 15 for the purpose of obtaining medical care or nursing home care, except that the 16 income of a husband or wife separated for such purpose shall be considered in 17 determining the eligibility of his or her spouse, only to the extent that such 18 income exceeds the amount necessary to meet the needs (as defined by rule or 19 regulation of the division) of such husband or wife living separately. In 20 21determining the need of a claimant in federally aided programs there shall be 22disregarded such amounts per month of earned income in making such 23 determination as shall be required for federal participation by the provisions of 24the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.A. 301 et seq.), or any amendments

- thereto. When federal law or regulations require the exemption of other income or resources, the division of family services may provide by rule or regulation the amount of income or resources to be disregarded.
  - 2. Benefits shall not be payable to any claimant who:
- (1) Has or whose spouse with whom he or she is living has, prior to July 1, 1989, given away or sold a resource within the time and in the manner specified in this subdivision. In determining the resources of an individual, unless prohibited by federal statutes or regulations, there shall be included (but subject to the exclusions pursuant to subdivisions (4) and (5) of this subsection, and subsection 5 of this section) any resource or interest therein owned by such individual or spouse within the twenty-four months preceding the initial investigation, or at any time during which benefits are being drawn, if such individual or spouse gave away or sold such resource or interest within such period of time at less than fair market value of such resource or interest for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits, including but not limited to benefits based on December, 1973, eligibility requirements, as follows:
  - (a) Any transaction described in this subdivision shall be presumed to have been for the purpose of establishing eligibility for benefits or assistance pursuant to this chapter unless such individual furnishes convincing evidence to establish that the transaction was exclusively for some other purpose;
  - (b) The resource shall be considered in determining eligibility from the date of the transfer for the number of months the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource is divisible by the average monthly grant paid or average Medicaid payment in the state at the time of the investigation to an individual or on his or her behalf under the program for which benefits are claimed, provided that:
  - a. When the uncompensated value is twelve thousand dollars or less, the resource shall not be used in determining eligibility for more than twenty-four months; or
  - b. When the uncompensated value exceeds twelve thousand dollars, the resource shall not be used in determining eligibility for more than sixty months;
  - (2) The provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection shall not apply to a transfer, other than a transfer to claimant's spouse, made prior to March 26, 1981, when the claimant furnishes convincing evidence that the uncompensated value of the disposed of resource or any part thereof is no longer possessed or owned by the person to whom the resource was transferred;

- (3) Has received, or whose spouse with whom he or she is living has received, benefits to which he or she was not entitled through misrepresentation or nondisclosure of material facts or failure to report any change in status or correct information with respect to property or income as required by section 208.210. A claimant ineligible pursuant to this subsection shall be ineligible for such period of time from the date of discovery as the division of family services may deem proper; or in the case of overpayment of benefits, future benefits may be decreased, suspended or entirely withdrawn for such period of time as the division may deem proper;
  - (4) Owns or possesses resources in the sum of one thousand dollars or more; provided, however, that if such person is married and living with spouse, he or she, or they, individually or jointly, may own resources not to exceed two thousand dollars; and provided further, that in the case of a temporary assistance for needy families claimant, the provision of this subsection shall not apply;
- (5) Prior to October 1, 1989, owns or possesses property of any kind or character, excluding amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract [pursuant to subsection 2 of section 436.035, RSMo, and subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of section 436.053, RSMO] under chapter 436, or has an interest in property, of which he or she is the record or beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined by the division of family services, less encumbrances of record, exceeds twenty-nine thousand dollars, or if married and actually living together with husband or wife, if the value of his or her property, or the value of his or her interest in property, together with that of such husband and wife, exceeds such amount;
- (6) In the case of temporary assistance for needy families, if the parent, stepparent, and child or children in the home owns or possesses property of any kind or character, or has an interest in property for which he or she is a record or beneficial owner, the value of such property, as determined by the division of family services and as allowed by federal law or regulation, less encumbrances of record, exceeds one thousand dollars, excluding the home occupied by the claimant, amounts placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract [pursuant to subsection 2 of section 436.035, RSMo, and subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of section 436.053, RSMO] under chapter 436, one automobile which shall not exceed a value set forth by federal law or regulation and for a period not to exceed six months, such other real property which the family is making a good-faith effort to sell, if the family agrees in writing with the division

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97 of family services to sell such property and from the net proceeds of the sale 98 repay the amount of assistance received during such period. If the property has 99 not been sold within six months, or if eligibility terminates for any other reason, 100 the entire amount of assistance paid during such period shall be a debt due the 101 state;

- 102 (7) Is an inmate of a public institution, except as a patient in a public 103 medical institution.
  - 3. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the income and resources of a relative or other person living in the home shall be taken into account to the extent the income, resources, support and maintenance are allowed by federal law or regulation to be considered.
- 109 4. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be granted pursuant to federally aided programs, the value of burial lots or any amounts 110 placed in an irrevocable prearranged funeral or burial contract [pursuant to 111 112 subsection 2 of section 436.035, RSMo, and subdivision (5) of subsection 1 of 113 section 436.053, RSMO,] under chapter 436 shall not be taken into account or considered an asset of the burial lot owner or the beneficiary of an irrevocable 114 prearranged funeral or funeral contract. For purposes of this section, "burial lots" 115 116 means any burial space as defined in section 214.270, RSMo, and any memorial, 117 monument, marker, tombstone or letter marking a burial space. If the 118 beneficiary, as defined in chapter 436, RSMo, of an irrevocable prearranged 119 funeral or burial contract receives any public assistance benefits pursuant to this 120 chapter and if the purchaser of such contract or his or her successors in interest [cancel or amend] transfer, amend, or take any other such actions 121122 regarding the contract so that any person will be entitled to a refund, such refund shall be paid to the state of Missouri [up to the amount of public 123 assistance benefits provided pursuant to this chapter with any remainder to be 124 125 paid to those persons designated in chapter 436, RSMO] with any amount in excess of the public assistance benefits provided under this chapter to 126 127 be refunded by the state of Missouri to the purchaser or his or her successors. In determining eligibility and the amount of benefits to be 128 129 granted under federally aided programs, the value of any life insurance 130 policy where a seller or provider is made the beneficiary or where the 131 life insurance policy is assigned to a seller or provider, either being in 132consideration for an irrevocable prearranged funeral contract under

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133 chapter 436, shall not be taken into account or considered an asset of 134 the beneficiary of the irrevocable prearranged funeral contract.

- 135 5. In determining the total property owned pursuant to subdivision (5) of 136 subsection 2 of this section, or resources, of any person claiming or for whom public assistance is claimed, there shall be disregarded any life insurance policy, 137 138 or prearranged funeral or burial contract, or any two or more policies or 139 contracts, or any combination of policies and contracts, which provides for the payment of one thousand five hundred dollars or less upon the death of any of the 140 141 following:
  - (1) A claimant or person for whom benefits are claimed; or
  - (2) The spouse of a claimant or person for whom benefits are claimed with whom he or she is living. If the value of such policies exceeds one thousand five hundred dollars, then the total value of such policies may be considered in determining resources; except that, in the case of temporary assistance for needy families, there shall be disregarded any prearranged funeral or burial contract, or any two or more contracts, which provides for the payment of one thousand five hundred dollars or less per family member.
- 6. Beginning September 30, 1989, when determining the eligibility of institutionalized spouses, as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5, for medical assistance benefits as provided for in section 208.151 and 42 U.S.C. Sections 1396a et seq., the division of family services shall comply with the provisions of the federal statutes and regulations. As necessary, the division shall by rule or regulation implement the federal law and regulations which shall include but not be limited to the establishment of income and resource standards and 156 limitations. The division shall require:
  - (1) That at the beginning of a period of continuous institutionalization that is expected to last for thirty days or more, the institutionalized spouse, or the community spouse, may request an assessment by the division of family services of total countable resources owned by either or both spouses;
- 162 (2) That the assessed resources of the institutionalized spouse and the community spouse may be allocated so that each receives an equal share; 163
- 164 (3) That upon an initial eligibility determination, if the community 165 spouse's share does not equal at least twelve thousand dollars, the 166 institutionalized spouse may transfer to the community spouse a resource 167 allowance to increase the community spouse's share to twelve thousand dollars;
  - (4) That in the determination of initial eligibility of the institutionalized

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- spouse, no resources attributed to the community spouse shall be used in determining the eligibility of the institutionalized spouse, except to the extent that the resources attributed to the community spouse do exceed the community
- 172 spouse's resource allowance as defined in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5;
- 173 (5) That beginning in January, 1990, the amount specified in subdivision 174 (3) of this subsection shall be increased by the percentage increase in the
- 175 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers between September, 1988, and
- 176 the September before the calendar year involved; and
- 177 (6) That beginning the month after initial eligibility for the 178 institutionalized spouse is determined, the resources of the community spouse 179 shall not be considered available to the institutionalized spouse during that 180 continuous period of institutionalization.
  - 7. Beginning July 1, 1989, institutionalized individuals shall be ineligible for the periods required and for the reasons specified in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396p.
- 8. The hearings required by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5 shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of section 208.080.
  - 9. Beginning October 1, 1989, when determining eligibility for assistance pursuant to this chapter there shall be disregarded unless otherwise provided by federal or state statutes, the home of the applicant or recipient when the home is providing shelter to the applicant or recipient, or his or her spouse or dependent child. The division of family services shall establish by rule or regulation in conformance with applicable federal statutes and regulations a definition of the home and when the home shall be considered a resource that shall be considered in determining eligibility.
  - 10. Reimbursement for services provided by an enrolled Medicaid provider to a recipient who is duly entitled to Title XIX Medicaid and Title XVIII Medicare Part B, Supplementary Medical Insurance (SMI) shall include payment in full of deductible and coinsurance amounts as determined due pursuant to the applicable provisions of federal regulations pertaining to Title XVIII Medicare Part B, except the applicable Title XIX cost sharing.
- 199 11. A "community spouse" is defined as being the noninstitutionalized 200 spouse.
- 12. An institutionalized spouse applying for Medicaid and having a spouse living in the community shall be required, to the maximum extent permitted by law, to divert income to such community spouse to raise the community spouse's income to the level of the minimum monthly needs allowance, as described in 42

205 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5. Such diversion of income shall occur before the community spouse is allowed to retain assets in excess of the community spouse protected amount described in 42 U.S.C. Section 1396r-5.

208.198. Subject to appropriations, the department of social services shall establish a rate for the reimbursement of physicians and optometrists for services rendered to patients under the MO HealthNet program which provides equal reimbursement for the same or similar services rendered.

214.160. The county commission shall invest or loan said trust fund or funds only in United States government, state, county or municipal bonds, [or] certificates of deposit, first real estate mortgages, or deeds of trust. They shall use the net income from said trust fund or funds or so much thereof as is necessary to support and maintain and beautify any public or private cemetery or any particular part thereof which may be designated by the person, persons or firm or association making said gift or bequest. In maintaining or supporting the cemetery or any particular part or portion thereof the commission shall as nearly as possible follow the expressed wishes of the creator of said trust fund.

214.270. As used in sections 214.270 to 214.410, the following terms 2 mean:

- 3 (1) "Agent" or "authorized agent", any person empowered by the cemetery 4 operator to represent the operator in dealing with the general public, including 5 owners of the burial space in the cemetery;
- 6 (2) "Burial space", one or more than one plot, grave, mausoleum, crypt, 7 lawn, surface lawn crypt, niche or space used or intended for the interment of the 8 human dead;
- 9 (3) "Burial merchandise", a monument, marker, memorial, tombstone, 10 headstone, urn, outer burial container, or similar article which may contain 11 specific lettering, shape, color, or design as specified by the purchaser;
- (4) "Cemetery", property restricted in use for the interment of the human dead by formal dedication or reservation by deed but shall not include any of the foregoing held or operated by the state or federal government or any political subdivision thereof, any incorporated city or town, any county or any religious organization, cemetery association or fraternal society holding the same for sale solely to members and their immediate families;
- 18 (5) "Cemetery association", any number of persons who shall have 19 associated themselves by articles of agreement in writing as a not-for-profit

- 20 association or organization, whether incorporated or unincorporated, formed for
- 21 the purpose of ownership, preservation, care, maintenance, adornment and
- 22 administration of a cemetery. Cemetery associations shall be governed by a board
- 23 of directors. Directors shall serve without compensation;

merchandise or burial services are intended;

- 24 (6) "Cemetery operator" or "operator", any person who owns, controls, 25 operates or manages a cemetery;
- 26 (7) "Cemetery prearranged contract", any contract with a cemetery or 27 cemetery operator for [goods and services covered by this chapter which includes 28a sale of burial merchandise in which delivery of merchandise or a valid warehouse receipt under sections 214.270 to 214.550 is deferred pursuant to 2930 written instructions from the purchaser. It shall also mean any contract for goods and services covered by sections 214.270 to 214.550 which includes a sale 31 of burial services to be performed at a future date] burial merchandise or 32burial services covered by sections 214.270 to 214.410 which is entered 33 into before the death of the individual for whom the burial 34
- 36 (8) "Cemetery service" or "burial service", those services performed by a 37 cemetery owner or operator licensed as an endowed care or nonendowed cemetery 38 including setting a monument or marker, setting a tent, excavating a grave, 39 interment, entombment, inurnment, setting a vault, or other related services 40 within the cemetery;
- 41 (9) "Columbarium", a building or structure for the inurnment of cremated 42 human remains;
- 43 (10) "Community mausoleum", a mausoleum containing a substantial area 44 of enclosed space and having either a heating, ventilating or air conditioning 45 system;
- 46 (11) "Department", department of insurance, financial institutions and 47 professional registration;
- 48 (12) "Developed acreage", the area which has been platted into grave 49 spaces and has been developed with roads, paths, features, or ornamentations and 50 in which burials can be made;
- 51 (13) "Director", director of the division of professional registration;
- 52 (14) "Division", division of professional registration;
- 53 (15) "Endowed care", the maintenance, repair and care of all burial space 54 subject to the endowment within a cemetery, including any improvements made 55 for the benefit of such burial space. Endowed care shall include the general

- 56 overhead expenses needed to accomplish such maintenance, repair, care and
- 57 improvements. Endowed care shall include the terms perpetual care, permanent
- 58 care, continual care, eternal care, care of duration, or any like term;
- 59 (16) "Endowed care cemetery", a cemetery, or a section of a cemetery,
- 60 which represents itself as offering endowed care and which complies with the
- 61 provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410;
- 62 (17) "Endowed care fund", "endowed care trust", or "trust", any cash or
- 63 cash equivalent, to include any income therefrom, impressed with a trust by the
- 64 terms of any gift, grant, contribution, payment, devise or bequest to an endowed
- 65 care cemetery, or its endowed care trust, or funds to be delivered to an endowed
- 66 care cemetery's trust received pursuant to a contract and accepted by any
- 67 endowed care cemetery operator or his agent. This definition includes the terms
- 68 endowed care funds, maintenance funds, memorial care funds, perpetual care
- 69 funds, or any like term;
- 70 (18) "Escrow account", an account established in lieu of an endowed care
- 71 fund as provided under section 214.330 or an account used to hold deposits under
- 72 section 214.387;
- 73 (19) "Escrow agent", an attorney, title company, certified public
- 74 accountant or other person authorized by the division to exercise escrow powers
- 75 under the laws of this state;
- 76 (20) "Escrow agreement", an agreement subject to approval by the office
- 77 between an escrow agent and a cemetery operator or its agent or related party
- 78 with common ownership, to receive and administer payments under cemetery
- 79 prearranged contracts sold by the cemetery operator;
- 80 (21) "Family burial ground", a cemetery in which no burial space is sold
- 81 to the public and in which interments are restricted to persons related by blood
- 82 or marriage;
- 83 (22) "Fraternal cemetery", a cemetery owned, operated, controlled or
- 84 managed by any fraternal organization or auxiliary organizations thereof, in
- 85 which the sale of burial space is restricted solely to its members and their
- 86 immediate families;
- 87 (23) "Garden mausoleum", a mausoleum without a substantial area of
- 88 enclosed space and having its crypt and niche fronts open to the
- 89 atmosphere. Ventilation of the crypts by forced air or otherwise does not
- 90 constitute a garden mausoleum as a community mausoleum;
- 91 (24) "Government cemetery", or "municipal cemetery", a cemetery owned,

- 92 operated, controlled or managed by the federal government, the state or a
- 93 political subdivision of the state, including a county or municipality or
- 94 instrumentality thereof;
- 95 (25) "Grave" or "plot", a place of ground in a cemetery, used or intended
- 96 to be used for burial of human remains;
- 97 (26) "Human remains", the body of a deceased person in any state of
- 98 decomposition, as well as cremated remains;
- 99 (27) "Inurnment", placing an urn containing cremated remains in a burial
- 100 space;
- 101 (28) "Lawn crypt", a burial vault or other permanent container for a
- 102 casket which is permanently installed below ground prior to the time of the actual
- 103 interment. A lawn crypt may permit single or multiple interments in a grave
- 104 space;
- 105 (29) "Mausoleum", a structure or building for the entombment of human
- 106 remains in crypts;
- 107 (30) "Niche", a space in a columbarium used or intended to be used for
- 108 inurnment of cremated remains;
- 109 (31) "Nonendowed care cemetery", or "nonendowed cemetery", a cemetery
- 110 or a section of a cemetery for which no endowed care trust fund has been
- established in accordance with sections 214.270 to 214.410;
- 112 (32) "Office", the office of endowed care cemeteries within the division of
- 113 professional registration;
- 114 (33) "Owner of burial space", a person to whom the cemetery operator or
- 115 his authorized agent has transferred the right of use of burial space;
- 116 (34) "Person", an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture,
- 117 association, trust or any other legal entity;
- 118 (35) "Registry", the list of cemeteries maintained in the division office for
- 119 public review. The division may charge a fee for copies of the registry;
- 120 (36) "Religious cemetery", a cemetery owned, operated, controlled or
- 121 managed by any church, convention of churches, religious order or affiliated
- 122 auxiliary thereof in which the sale of burial space is restricted solely to its
- 123 members and their immediate families;
- 124 (37) "Surface lawn crypt", a sealed burial chamber whose lid protrudes
- 125 above the land surface;
- 126 (38) "Total acreage", the entire tract which is dedicated to or reserved for
- 127 cemetery purposes;

- 128 (39) "Trustee of an endowed care fund", the separate legal entity 129 qualified under section 214.330 appointed as trustee of an endowed care fund.
  - 214.276. 1. The division may refuse to issue or renew any license,
  - 2 required pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516 for one or any combination of
  - 3 causes stated in subsection 2 of this section. The division shall notify the
  - 4 applicant in writing of the reasons for the refusal and shall advise the applicant
  - 5 of his or her right to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission
  - 6 as provided by chapter 621, RSMo.
  - 7 2. The division may cause a complaint to be filed with the administrative
  - 8 hearing commission as provided in chapter 621, RSMo, against any holder of any
  - 9 license, required by sections 214.270 to 214.516 or any person who has failed to
- 10 surrender his or her license, for any one or any combination of the following
- 11 causes:
- 12 (1) Use of any controlled substance, as defined in chapter 195, RSMo, or
- 13 alcoholic beverage to an extent that such use impairs a person's ability to perform
- 14 the work of any profession licensed or regulated by sections 214.270 to 214.516;
- 15 (2) The person has been finally adjudicated and found guilty, or entered
- 16 a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in a criminal prosecution pursuant to the laws
- 17 of any state or of the United States, for any offense reasonably related to the
- 18 qualifications, functions or duties of any profession licensed or regulated
- 19 pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516, for any offense an essential element of
- 20 which is fraud, dishonesty or an act of violence, or for any offense involving moral
- 21 turpitude, whether or not sentence is imposed;
- 22 (3) Use of fraud, deception, misrepresentation or bribery in securing any
- 23 license, issued pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516 or in obtaining permission
- 24 to take any examination given or required pursuant to sections 214.270 to
- 25 214.516;
- 26 (4) Obtaining or attempting to obtain any fee, charge or other
- 27 compensation by fraud, deception or misrepresentation;
- 28 (5) Incompetence, misconduct, gross negligence, fraud, misrepresentation
- 29 or dishonesty in the performance of the functions or duties of any profession
- 30 regulated by sections 214.270 to 214.516;
- 31 (6) Violation of, or assisting or enabling any person to violate, any
- 32 provision of sections 214.270 to 214.516, or any lawful rule or regulation adopted
- 33 pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.516;
- 34 (7) Impersonation of any person holding a license or allowing any person

35 to use his or her license;

- 36 (8) Disciplinary action against the holder of a license or other right to 37 practice any profession regulated by sections 214.270 to 214.516 granted by 38 another state, territory, federal agency or country upon grounds for which 39 revocation or suspension is authorized in this state;
- 40 (9) A person is finally adjudged insane or incompetent by a court of 41 competent jurisdiction;
- 42 (10) Assisting or enabling any person to practice or offer to practice any 43 profession licensed or regulated by sections 214.270 to 214.516 who is not 44 registered and currently eligible to practice pursuant to sections 214.270 to 45 214.516;
- 46 (11) Issuance of a license based upon a material mistake of fact;
- 47 (12) Failure to display a valid license;
  - (13) Violation of any professional trust or confidence;
- 49 (14) Use of any advertisement or solicitation which is false, misleading or 50 deceptive to the general public or persons to whom the advertisement or 51 solicitation is primarily directed;
- 52 (15) Willfully and through undue influence selling a burial space, 53 cemetery services or merchandise.
- 3. After the filing of such complaint, the proceedings shall be conducted 54 55 in accordance with the provisions of chapter 621, RSMo. Upon a finding by the 56 administrative hearing commission that the grounds, provided in subsection 2 of 57 this section, for disciplinary action are met, the division may singly or in 58 combination, censure or place the person named in the complaint on probation on such terms and conditions as the division deems appropriate for a period not to 59 exceed five years, or may suspend, or revoke the license or permit or may 60 impose a penalty allowed by subsection 4 of section 214.410. No new 61 license shall be issued to the owner or operator of a cemetery or to any 62 corporation controlled by such owner for three years after the revocation of the 63 certificate of the owner or of a corporation controlled by the owner. 64
- 4. [Operators of all existing endowed care or nonendowed care cemeteries shall, prior to August twenty-eighth following August 28, 2001, apply for a license pursuant to this section. All endowed care or nonendowed care cemeteries operating in compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.516 prior to August twenty-eighth following August 28, 2001, shall be granted a license by the division upon receipt of application.

- 5.] The division may settle disputes arising under subsections 2 and 3 of this section by consent agreement or settlement agreement between the division and the holder of a license. Within such a settlement agreement, the division may singly or in combination impose any discipline or penalties allowed by this section or subsection 4 of section 214.410. Settlement of such disputes shall be entered into pursuant to the procedures set forth in section 621.045, RSMo.
- 5. Use of the procedures set out in this section shall not preclude the application of any other remedy provided by this chapter.
  - 214.277. 1. Upon application by the division, and the necessary burden having been met, a court of general jurisdiction may grant an injunction, restraining order or other order as may be appropriate to enjoin a person from:
- 4 (1) Offering to engage or engaging in the performance of any acts or 5 practices for which a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license is 6 required upon a showing that such acts or practices were performed or offered to 7 be performed without a certificate of registration or authority, permit or license; 8 or
- 9 (2) Engaging in any practice or business authorized by a certificate of 10 registration or authority, permit or license issued pursuant to this chapter upon 11 a showing that the holder presents a substantial probability of serious danger to 12 the health, safety or welfare of any resident of this state or client or patient of the 13 licensee.
- 14 2. [Any such action shall be commenced either in the county in which 15 such conduct occurred or in the county in which the defendant resides.
- 3.] Any action brought pursuant to this section shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any penalty provided by this chapter and may be brought concurrently with other actions to enforce this chapter.
- 214.282. 1. Each contract sold by a cemetery operator for cemetery services or for grave lots, grave spaces, markers, monuments, memorials, tombstones, crypts, niches, mausoleums, or other receptacles shall be voidable by the purchaser and deemed unenforceable unless:
  - (1) It is in writing;

- 7 (2) It is executed by a cemetery operator who is in compliance 8 with the licensing provisions of this chapter;
- 9 (3) It identifies the contract purchaser and identifies the cometery services or other items to be provided;

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- 11 (4) It identifies the name and address of any trustee or escrow 12 agent that will receive payments made pursuant to the contract under 13 the provisions of sections 214.320, 214.330, or 214.387, if applicable;
- 14 (5) It contains the name and address of the cemetery operator; 15 and
- (6) It identifies any grounds for cancellation by the purchaser or
   by the cemetery operator on default of payment.
- 2. If a cemetery prearranged contract does not substantially comply with the provisions of this section, all payments made under such contract shall be recoverable by the purchaser, or the purchaser's legal representative, from the contract seller or other payee thereof, together with interest at the rate of ten percent per annum and all reasonable costs of collection, including attorneys' fees.
- 214.283. 1. Any person, entity, association, city, town, village, county or political subdivision that purchases, receives or holds any real estate used for the burial of dead human bodies, excluding a family burial ground, shall notify the office of the endowed care cemeteries of 5 the name, location and address of such real estate on a form approved by the office, before October 1, 2010, or within thirty days of 6 purchasing, receiving or holding such land or of being notified by the office of the requirements of this provision. No fee shall be charged for such notification nor shall any penalty be assessed for failure to 10 register. This section shall not be deemed to exempt any operator of an endowed care cemetery or non-endowed care cemetery from being duly 11 licensed as required by this chapter. 12
- 2. The division shall establish and maintain a registry of cemeteries and the registry shall be available to the public for review at the division office or copied upon request. The division may charge a fee for copies of the register.
  - (1) If, in the course of a land survey of property located in this state, a surveyor licensed pursuant to chapter 327, RSMo, locates any cemetery which has not been previously registered, the surveyor shall file a statement with the division regarding the location of the cemetery. The statement shall be filed on a form as defined by division rule. No fee shall be charged to the surveyor for such filing.
- 22 (2) Any person, family, group, association, society or county surveyor may 23 submit to the division, on forms provided by the division, the names and locations 24 of any cemetery located in this state for inclusion in the registry. No fee shall be

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25 charged for such submissions.

214.300. Any cemetery operator may, after October 13, 1961, qualify to operate a cemetery which has been operated as a nonendowed cemetery for a minimum of two years, as an endowed care cemetery by:

- (1) So electing in compliance with section 214.280;
- 5 (2) Establishing an endowed care **trust** fund in cash of one thousand 6 dollars for each acre in said cemetery with a minimum of five thousand dollars 7 and a maximum of twenty-five thousand dollars;
  - (3) Filing the report required by section 214.340.

214.310. 1. Any cemetery operator who elects to operate a new cemetery as an endowed care cemetery or who represents to the public that perpetual, permanent, endowed, continual, eternal care, care of duration or similar care will 3 be furnished cemetery property sold shall create an endowed care trust fund and shall deposit a minimum of twenty-five thousand dollars for cemeteries that have in excess of one hundred burials annually or a minimum of five thousand dollars for cemeteries that have one hundred or less burials annually in such fund before selling or disposing of any burial space in said cemetery, or in lieu thereof such cemetery owner may furnish a surety bond issued by a bonding company or 9 insurance company authorized to do business in this state in the face amount of 11 thirty thousand dollars, and such bond shall run to the office of endowed care 12cemeteries for the benefit of the care trust funds held by such cemetery. This bond shall be for the purpose of guaranteeing an accumulation of twenty-five 13 14thousand dollars in such care trust fund and also for the further purpose of assuring that the cemetery owner shall provide annual perpetual or endowment 15 care in an amount equal to the annual reasonable return on a secured cash 16 investment of twenty-five thousand dollars until twenty-five thousand dollars is 17accumulated in said endowed care trust funds, and these shall be the conditions 18 of such surety bond; provided, however, the liability of the principal and surety 19 20on the bond shall in no event exceed thirty thousand dollars. Provided further, that whenever a cemetery owner which has made an initial deposit to the 21endowed care trust fund demonstrates to the satisfaction of the administrator of 2223the office of endowed care cemeteries that more than twenty-five thousand dollars has been accumulated in the endowed care trust fund, the cemetery owner may 25petition the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries for an order to dissolve the surety bond requirement, so long as at least twenty-five thousand  $^{26}$ dollars always remains in the endowed care trust fund. 27

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- 28 2. Construction of a mausoleum, lawn crypt, columbarium or crematorium 29 as part of a cemetery then operated as an endowed care cemetery shall not be considered the establishment of a new cemetery for purposes of this section. 30
- 31 3. Any endowed care cemetery which does not maintain a [fully] 32adequately staffed office in the county in which the cemetery is located shall 33 have prominently displayed on the premises a sign clearly stating the operator's name, address and telephone number. If the operator does not reside in the 34 35 county in which the cemetery is located, the sign shall also state the name, 36 address and telephone number of a resident of the county who is the authorized agent of the operator or the location of an office of the cemetery which is within 37ten miles of such cemetery. In jurisdictions where ordinances require signs to 38 meet certain specifications, a weatherproof notice containing the information 39 required by this subsection shall be sufficient. 40
- 214.320. 1. An operator of an endowed care cemetery shall establish and deposit in an endowed care trust fund not less than the following amounts for burial space sold or disposed of, with such deposits to the endowed care trust fund to be made [semiannually] monthly on all burial space that has been fully paid for to the date of deposit: 5
- 6 (1) A minimum of fifteen percent of the gross sales price, or twenty dollars, whichever is greater, for each grave space sold;
- (2) A minimum of ten percent of the gross sales price of each crypt or niche sold in a community mausoleum, or a minimum of one hundred dollars for each crypt or [ten dollars for each niche sold in a garden mausoleum] fifty dollars for each niche sold in a community mausoleum, whichever is 12greater;
  - (3) A minimum of ten percent of the gross sales price of each crypt or niche sold in a garden mausoleum, or a minimum of one hundred dollars for each crypt or twenty-five dollars for each niche sold in a garden mausoleum, whichever is greater;
  - (4) A minimum of [seventy-five dollars per grave space for] ten percent of the gross sales price of each lawn crypt sold or a minimum of seventyfive dollars, whichever is greater.
- 20 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of this 21section, a cemetery operator who has made the initial deposit in trust as required 22by sections 214.270 to 214.410 from his own funds, and not from funds deposited with respect to sales of burial space, may deposit only one-half the minimum 23

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- amounts set forth in subdivisions (1) and (2) of subsection 1 of this section, until
  he shall have recouped his entire initial deposit. Thereafter, he shall make the
  minimum deposits required under subdivisions (1), (2) [and], (3), and (4) of
  subsection 1 of this section.
  - 3. As required by section 214.340, each operator of an endowed care cemetery shall[, after August 28, 1990,] file with the division of professional registration, on a form provided by the division, an annual endowed care trust fund report. The operator of any cemetery representing the cemetery, or any portion of the cemetery, as an endowed care cemetery shall make available to the division for inspection or audit at any reasonable time only those cemetery records and trust fund records necessary to determine whether the cemetery's endowed care trust fund is in compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410. Each cemetery operator who has established a [segregated] escrow account pursuant to section [214.385] 214.387 shall make available to the division for inspection or audit at any reasonable time those cemetery records and financial institution records necessary to determine whether the cemetery operator is in compliance with the provisions of section [214.385. All documents, records, and work product from any inspections or audits performed by or at the direction of the division shall remain in the possession of the division of professional registration and shall not be sent to the state board of embalmers and funeral directors. No charge shall be made for such inspections or audits] 214.387.
  - 4. [If any endowed care cemetery operator conducts the trust fund accounting and record keeping outside of this state, then such operator shall maintain current and accurate copies of such accounting and record keeping within this state and such copies shall be readily available to the division for inspection or audit purposes.
  - 5.] No cemetery operator shall operate or represent to the public by any title, description, or similar terms that a cemetery provides endowed care unless the cemetery is in compliance with the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410.
  - 5. A cemetery operator shall be exempt from the provisions of chapter 436 for the sale of cemetery services or for grave lots, grave spaces, markers, monuments, memorials, tombstones, crypts, niches or mausoleums, outer burial containers or other receptacle. A cemetery operator shall be prohibited from adjusting or establishing the sales price of items with the intent of evading the trusting or escrow provisions of this chapter.

214.325. If the deposits to any endowed care trust fund [required by sections 214.270 to 214.410] are less than the total sum required to be set aside and deposited since the effective date of such sections, the cemetery operator shall correct such deficiency by depositing not less than twenty percent of such deficiency each year for five years [following August 28, 1990,] and shall file, on 5 the form provided by the division, a statement outlining the date and amount such deposits were made. If the cemetery operator fails to correct the deficiency 7 with respect to funds maintained under section 214.330, the cemetery 8 9 operator shall thereafter not represent the cemetery as an endowed care cemetery. Any funds held in the cemetery's endowed care trust shall continue to 10 be used for endowed care for that cemetery. The cemetery operator shall remain 11 subject to the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 for any cemetery or any 12section of the cemetery for which endowed care payments have been collected, 13 subject to the penalties contained in section 214.410, and civil actions as well as 14 subject to any regulations promulgated by the division. For purposes of this 15 section, the term "deficiency" shall mean a deficiency in the amount 16 17 required to be deposited pursuant to section 214.320, or a deficiency created by disbursements in excess of what is permitted under section 18 19 214.330 and shall not include or be affected by deficiencies or shortages 20 caused by the fluctuating value of investments.

214.330. 1. [The endowed care fund required by sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall be permanently set aside in trust or in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section. The trustee of the endowed care trust shall be a state- or federally chartered financial institution authorized to exercise trust powers in Missouri and located in this state. The income from the endowed 5 care fund shall be distributed to the cemetery operator at least annually or in other convenient installments. The cemetery operator shall have the duty and 7 responsibility to apply the income to provide care and maintenance only for that 8 part of the cemetery in which burial space shall have been sold and with respect 10 to which sales the endowed care fund shall have been established and not for any other purpose. The principal of such funds shall be kept intact and appropriately 11 12invested by the trustee, or the independent investment advisor. An endowed care trust agreement may provide that when the principal in an endowed care trust 13 14 exceeds two hundred fifty thousand dollars, investment decisions regarding the 15 principal and undistributed income may be made by a federally registered or Missouri-registered independent qualified investment advisor designated by the 16

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cemetery owner, relieving the trustee of all liability regarding investment 17 18 decisions made by such qualified investment advisor. It shall be the duty of the trustee, or the investment advisor, in the investment of such funds to exercise the 19 20 diligence and care men of ordinary prudence, intelligence and discretion would employ, but with a view to permanency of investment considering probable safety 2122of capital investment, income produced and appreciation of capital 23 investment. The trustee's duties shall be the maintenance of records and the accounting for and investment of moneys deposited by the operator to the 24endowed care fund. For the purposes of sections 214.270 to 214.410, the trustee 25 or investment advisor shall not be deemed to be responsible for the care, the 26 27 maintenance, or the operation of the cemetery, or for any other matter relating to the cemetery, including, but not limited to, compliance with environmental 28 29 laws and regulations. With respect to cemetery property maintained by cemetery 30 care funds, the cemetery operator shall be responsible for the performance of the care and maintenance of the cemetery property owned by the cemetery operator 31 32 and for the opening and closing of all graves, crypts, or niches for human remains in any cemetery property owned by the cemetery operator. 33

2. If the endowed care cemetery fund is not permanently set aside in a trust fund as required by subsection 1 of this section then the funds shall be permanently set aside in a segregated bank account which requires the signature of the cemetery owner and either the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries, or the signature of a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state as joint signatories for any distribution from the trust fund. No funds shall be expended without the signature of either the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries, or a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state. The account shall be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or comparable deposit insurance and held in the state- or federally chartered financial institution authorized to do business in Missouri and located in this state. The income from the endowed care fund shall be distributed to the cemetery operator at least in annual or semiannual installments. The cemetery operator shall have the duty and responsibility to apply the income to provide care and maintenance only for that part of the cemetery in which burial space shall have been sold and with respect to which sales the endowed care fund shall have been established and not for any other purpose. The principal of such funds shall be kept intact and appropriately invested by the cemetery operator with written approval of either the administrator of the office of endowed care

cemeteries or a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state. It 53 54 shall be the duty of the cemetery owner in the investment of such funds to exercise the diligence and care a person of reasonable prudence, intelligence and 55 56 discretion would employ, but with a view to permanency of investment considering probable safety of capital investment, income produced and 57 58 appreciation of capital investment. The cemetery owner's duties shall be the 59 maintenance of records and the accounting for an investment of moneys deposited by the operator to the endowed care fund. For purposes of sections 214.270 to 60 214.410, the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries or the licensed 61 practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state shall not be deemed to be 6263 responsible for the care, maintenance, or operation of the cemetery. With respect to cemetery property maintained by cemetery care funds, the cemetery operator 64 shall be responsible for the performance of the care and maintenance of the 65 66 cemetery property owned by the cemetery operator and for the opening and closing of all graves, crypts, or niches for human remains in any cemetery 67 property owned by the cemetery operator. 68

- 3. The cemetery operator shall be accountable to the owners of burial space in the cemetery for compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410.
- 71 4. All endowed care funds shall be administered in accordance with an 72endowed care fund agreement. The endowed care fund agreement shall be subject 73 to review and approval by the office of endowed care cemeteries or by a licensed 74practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state. The endowed care cemetery 75shall be notified in writing by the office of endowed care cemeteries or by a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state regarding the 76 approval or disapproval of the endowed care fund agreement and regarding any 77changes required to be made for compliance with this chapter and the rules and 78 regulations promulgated thereunder. A copy of the proposed endowed care fund 79 agreement shall be submitted to the office of endowed care cemeteries. The office 80 of endowed care cemeteries or a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers 81 82 in this state shall notify the endowed care cemetery in writing of approval and 83 of any required change. Any amendment or change to the endowed care fund 84 agreement shall be submitted to the office of endowed care cemeteries or to a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state for review and 85 86 approval. Said amendment or change shall not be effective until approved by the office of endowed care cemeteries or by a licensed practicing attorney with escrow 87 powers in this state. All endowed care cemeteries shall be under a continuing 88

duty to file with the office of endowed care cemeteries or with a licensed practicing attorney with escrow powers in this state and to submit for approval any and all changes, amendment, or revisions of the endowed care fund agreement.

- 5. No principal shall be distributed from an endowed care trust fund except to the extent that a unitrust election is in effect with respect to such trust under the provisions of section 469.411, RSMo.] The endowed care trust fund required by sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall be permanently set aside in trust or in accordance with the provisions of subsection 2 of this section. The trustee of the endowed care trust shall be a state or federally chartered financial institution authorized to exercise trust powers in Missouri. The contact information for a trust officer or duly appointed representative of the trustee with knowledge and access to the trust fund accounting and trust fund records must be disclosed to the office or its duly authorized representative upon request.
- (1) The trust fund records, including all trust fund accounting records, shall be maintained in the state of Missouri at all times or shall be electronically stored so that the records may be made available in the state of Missouri within fifteen business days of receipt of a written request. The operator of an endowed care cemetery shall maintain a current name and address of the trustee and the records custodian for the endowed care trust fund and shall supply such information to the office, or its representative, upon request.
- (2) Missouri law shall control all endowed care trust funds and the Missouri courts shall have jurisdiction over endowed care trusts regardless of where records may be kept or various administrative tasks may be performed.
- 2. An endowed care trust fund shall be administered in accordance with Missouri law governing trusts, including but not limited to the applicable provisions of chapters 456 and 469, except as specifically provided in this subsection or where the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 provide differently, provided that a cemetery operator shall not in any circumstances be authorized to restrict, enlarge, change, or modify the requirements of this section or the provisions of chapters 456 and 469 by agreement or otherwise.
- (1) Income and principal of an endowed care trust fund shall be determined under the provisions of law applicable to trusts, except that

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- the provisions of section 469.405 shall not apply.
- 127 (2) No principal shall be distributed from an endowed care trust 128 fund except to the extent that a unitrust election is in effect with 129 respect to such trust under the provisions of section 469.411.
- (3) No right to transfer jurisdiction from Missouri under section
   456.1-108 shall exist for endowed care trusts.
  - (4) All endowed care trusts shall be irrevocable.
- 133 (5) No trustee shall have the power to terminate an endowed 134 care trust fund under the provisions of section 456.4-414.
- 135 (6) A unitrust election made in accordance with the provisions 136 of chapter 469 shall be made by the cemetery operator in the terms of 137 the endowed care trust fund agreement itself, not by the trustee.
- 138 (7) No contract of insurance shall be deemed a suitable 139 investment for an endowed care trust fund.
  - (8) The income from the endowed care fund may be distributed to the cemetery operator at least annually on a date designated by the cemetery operator, but no later than sixty days following the end of the trust fund year. Any income not distributed within sixty days following the end of the trust's fiscal year shall be added to and held as part of the principal of the trust fund.
  - 3. The cemetery operator shall have the duty and responsibility to apply the income distributed to provide care and maintenance only for that part of the cemetery designated as an endowed care section and not for any other purpose.
  - 4. In addition to any other duty, obligation, or requirement imposed by sections 214.270 to 214.410 or the endowed care trust agreement, the trustee's duties shall be the maintenance of records related to the trust and the accounting for and investment of moneys deposited by the operator to the endowed care trust fund.
- (1) For the purposes of sections 214.270 to 214.410, the trustee shall not be deemed responsible for the care, the maintenance, or the operation of the cemetery, or for any other matter relating to the cemetery, or the proper expenditure of funds distributed by the trustee to the cemetery operator, including, but not limited to, compliance with environmental laws and regulations.
- 161 (2) With respect to cemetery property maintained by endowed 162 care funds, the cemetery operator shall be responsible for the

163 performance of the care and maintenance of the cemetery property.

- 5. If the endowed care cemetery fund is not permanently set aside in a trust fund as required by subsection 1 of this section, then the funds shall be permanently set aside in an escrow account in the state of Missouri. Funds in an escrow account shall be placed in an endowed care trust fund under subsection 1 if the funds in the escrow account exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars, unless otherwise approved by the division for good cause. The account shall be insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or comparable deposit insurance and held in a state or federally chartered financial institution authorized to do business in Missouri and located in this state.
- (1) The interest from the escrow account may be distributed to the cemetery operator at least in annual or semiannual installments, but not later than six months following the calendar year. Any interest not distributed within six months following the end of the calendar year shall be added to and held as part of the principal of the account.
- (2) The cemetery operator shall have the duty and responsibility to apply the interest to provide care and maintenance only for that part of the cemetery in which burial space shall have been sold and with respect to which sales the escrow account shall have been established and not for any other purpose. The principal of such funds shall be kept intact. The cemetery operator's duties shall be the maintenance of records and the accounting for an investment of moneys deposited by the operator to the escrow account. For purposes of sections 214.270 to 214.410, the administrator of the office of endowed care cemeteries shall not be deemed to be responsible for the care, maintenance, or operation of the cemetery. With respect to cemetery property maintained by cemetery care funds, the cemetery operator shall be responsible for the performance of the care and maintenance of the cemetery property owned by the cemetery operator.
- (3) The division may approve an escrow agent if the escrow agent demonstrates the knowledge, skill, and ability to handle escrow funds and financial transactions and is of good moral character.
- 6. The cemetery operator shall be accountable to the owners of burial space in the cemetery for compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410.

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- 7. Excluding funds held in an escrow account, all endowed care trust funds shall be administered in accordance with an endowed care trust fund agreement, which shall be submitted to the office by the cemetery operator for review and approval. The endowed care cemetery shall be notified in writing by the office of endowed care cemeteries regarding the approval or disapproval of the endowed care trust fund agreement and regarding any changes required to be made for compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.
  - 8. All endowed care cemeteries shall be under a continuing duty to file with the office of endowed care cemeteries and to submit for prior approval any and all changes, amendments, or revisions of the endowed care trust fund agreement, at least thirty days before the effective date of such change, amendment, or revision.
  - 9. If the endowed care trust fund agreement, or any changes, amendments, or revisions filed with the office, are not disapproved by the office within thirty days after submission by the cemetery operator, the endowed care trust fund agreement, or the related change, amendment, or revision, shall be deemed approved and may be used by the cemetery operator and the trustee. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the office may review and disapprove an endowed care trust fund agreement, or any submitted change, amendment, or revision, after the thirty days provided herein or at any other time if the agreement is not in compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410 or the rules promulgated thereunder. Notice of disapproval by the office shall be in writing and delivered to the cemetery operator and the trustee within ten days of disapproval.
  - 10. Funds in an endowed care trust fund or escrow account may be commingled with endowed care funds for other endowed care cemeteries, provided that the cemetery operator and the trustee shall maintain adequate accounting records of the disbursements, contributions, and income allocated for each cemetery.
- 11. By accepting the trusteeship of an endowed care trust or accepting funds as an escrow agent pursuant to sections 214.270 to 234 214.410, the trustee or escrow agent submits personally to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state and the office of endowed care cemeteries regarding the administration of the trust or escrow account.

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237 A trustee or escrow agent shall consent in writing to the jurisdiction of 238 the state of Missouri and the office in regards to the trusteeship or the 239operation of the escrow account and to the appointment of the office of 240 secretary of state as its agent for service of process regarding any administrative or legal actions relating to the trust or the escrow 241 242account, if it has no designated agent for service of process located in this state. Such consent shall be filed with the office prior to accepting 243 funds pursuant to sections 214.270 to 214.410 as trustee or as an escrow 244245agent on a form provided by the office by rule.

214.335. 1. Any endowed care cemetery may require a contribution to the
2 endowed care fund or to a separate memorial care fund for each memorial or
3 monument installed on a grave in the cemetery. Such contribution, if required
4 by a cemetery, shall not exceed twenty cents per square inch of base area, and
5 shall be charged on every installation regardless of the person performing the
6 installation. Each contribution made pursuant to a contract or agreement
7 entered into after August 28, 1990, shall be entrusted and administered pursuant
8 to sections 214.270 to 214.410 for the endowed care fund. Each contribution
9 made pursuant to a contract or agreement entered into before August 28, 1990,
10 shall be governed by the law in effect at the time the contract or agreement was
11 entered into.

2. If the deposits to any endowed care trust fund are less than the total sum required to be set aside and deposited since the effective date of such sections, the cemetery operator shall correct such deficiency by depositing not less than twenty percent of such deficiency each year for five years and shall file, on the form provided by the division, a statement outlining the date and amount such deposits were made. If the cemetery operator fails to correct the deficiency with respect to funds maintained under section 214.330, the cemetery operator shall thereafter not represent the cemetery as an endowed care cemetery. Any funds held in the cemetery's endowed care trust shall continue to be used for endowed care for that cemetery. The cemetery operator shall remain subject to the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 for any cemetery or any section of the cemetery for which endowed care payments have been collected, subject to the penalties contained in section 214.410, and civil actions, as well as subject to any regulations promulgated by the division. For purposes of this section, the term "deficiency" shall mean a deficiency in the

- amount required to be deposited pursuant to subsection 1 of this 29
- 30 section, or a deficiency created by disbursements in excess of what is
- permitted under section 214.330 and shall not include or be affected by 31
- deficiencies or shortages caused by the fluctuating value of 32
- 33 investments.
- 214.340. 1. Each operator of an endowed care cemetery shall maintain at
- an office in the cemetery or, if the cemetery has no office in the cemetery, at an
- office within a reasonable distance of the cemetery, the reports of the endowed
- care trust fund's operation for the preceding seven years. Each report shall 4
- contain, at least, the following information: 5
- 6 (1) Name and address of the trustee of the endowed care trust fund and 7
  - the depository, if different from the trustee;
- 8 (2) Balance per previous year's report;
- 9 (3) Principal contributions received since previous report;
- 10 (4) Total earnings since previous report;
- 11 (5) Total distribution to the cemetery operator since the previous report;
- 12(6) Current balance;
- (7) A statement of all assets listing cash, real or personal property, stocks, 13
- bonds, and other assets, showing cost, acquisition date and current market value 14
- of each asset; 15
- 16 (8) Total expenses, excluding distributions to cemetery operator, since
- 17 previous report; and
- 18 (9) A statement of the cemetery's total acreage and of its developed
- 19 acreage.
- 20 2. Subdivisions (1) through (7) of the report described in subsection 1
- 21above shall be certified to under oath as complete and correct by a corporate
- officer of the trustee. Subdivision (8) of such report shall be certified under oath 22
- as complete and correct by an officer of the cemetery operator. Both the trustee 23
- and cemetery operator or officer shall be subject to the penalty of making a false 24
- affidavit or declaration. 25
- 3. The report shall be placed in the cemetery's office within ninety days  $^{26}$
- 27of the close of the trust's fiscal year. A copy of this report shall be filed by the
- cemetery operator with the division of professional registration as condition of 28
- 29license renewal as required by subsection 4 of section 214.275. [The report shall
- 30 not be sent to the state board of embalmers and funeral directors.]
- 31 4. Each cemetery operator who establishes [a segregated] an escrow or

- 32 trust account pursuant to [subsection 1 of section 214.385] section 214.387
- 33 shall file with the report required under subsection 1 of this section [a
- 34 segregated] an escrow or trust account report that shall provide the following
- 35 information:
- 36 (1) The [number of monuments, markers and memorials] total face
- 37 value of all contracts for burial merchandise and services that have been
- 38 deferred for delivery by purchase designation; and
- 39 (2) [The aggregate wholesale cost of all such monuments, markers and
- 40 memorials; and
- 41 (3)] The amount on deposit in the [segregated] escrow or trust account
- 42 established pursuant to section [214.385] 214.387, and the account number in
- 43 the case of an escrow account.
  - 214.345. 1. Any cemetery operator who negotiates the sale of burial space
  - 2 in any cemetery located in this state shall provide each prospective owner of
  - 3 burial space a written statement, which may be a separate form or a part of the
  - 4 sales contract, which states and explains in plain language that the burial space
  - 5 is part of an endowed care cemetery; that the cemetery has established and
  - 6 maintains the endowed care **trust** fund required by law; and that the information
  - regarding the fund described in section 214.340 is available to the prospective
- 8 purchaser. If the burial space is in a nonendowed cemetery, or in a nonendowed
- 9 section of an endowed care cemetery, the cemetery operator shall state he has
- 10 elected not to establish an endowed care trust fund.
- 11 2. The operator of each endowed care cemetery shall, upon request, give
- 12 to the public for retention a copy of the endowed care **trust** fund annual report
- 13 prepared pursuant to the provisions of subsection 1 of section 214.340.
  - 214.360. No cemetery operator, nor any director, officer or shareholder of
  - 2 any cemetery may borrow or in any other way make use of the endowed care
  - 3 trust funds for his own use, directly or indirectly, or for furthering or developing
  - 4 his or any other cemetery, nor may any trustee lend or make such funds available
  - 5 for said purpose or for the use of any operator or any director, officer or
- 6 shareholder of any cemetery.
- 214.363. In the event of a cemetery's bankruptcy, insolvency, or
- 2 assignment for the benefit of creditors, the endowed care trust funds shall not
- 3 be available to any creditor as assets of the cemetery's owner or to pay any
- 4 expenses of any bankruptcy or similar proceeding, but shall be retained intact to
- 5 provide for the future maintenance of the cemetery.

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214.365. Prior to any action as provided in subsection 2 of section 214.205, and when the division has information that a [public] cemetery is not providing maintenance and care, has been abandoned, or has ceased operation, the division may investigate the cemetery to determine the cemetery's current status. If the division finds evidence that the cemetery is abandoned, is not conducting business, or is not providing maintenance and care, the division may apply to the circuit court for appointment as receiver, trustee, or successor in trust.

214.367. 1. Prior to selling or otherwise disposing of a majority of the business assets of a cemetery, or a majority of its stock or other 3 ownership interest, if a corporation or other organized business entity, the cemetery operator shall provide written notification to the division of its intent at least thirty days prior to the date set for the transfer, or the closing of the sale, or the date set for termination of its 7 business. Such notice is confidential and shall not be considered a public record subject to the provisions of chapter 610 until the sale of the cemetery has been effectuated. Upon receipt of the written notification, the division may take reasonable and necessary action to 10 determine that the cemetery operator has made proper plans to assure that trust funds or funds held in an escrow account for or on behalf of 12the cemetery will be set aside and used as provided in sections 214.270 13 to 214.410, including, but not limited to, an audit or examination of 14 books and records. The division may waive the requirements of this 15 subsection or may shorten the period of notification for good cause or 16 if the division determines in its discretion that compliance with its 17provisions are not necessary. 18

- 2. A cemetery operator may complete the sale, transfer, or cessation if the division does not disapprove the transaction within thirty days after receiving notice. Nothing in this section shall be construed to restrict any other right or remedy vested in the division or the attorney general.
- 3. A prospective purchaser or transferee of [any endowed care] endowed or unendowed cemetery, with the written consent of the cemetery operator, may obtain a copy of the cemetery's most recent audit or inspection report from the division. The division shall inform the prospective purchaser or transferee, within thirty days, whether the cemetery may continue to operate and be represented as [an endowed care] a cemetery.

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214.387. 1. [Upon written instructions from the purchaser of burial merchandise or burial services set forth in a cemetery prearranged contract, a cemetery may defer delivery of such burial merchandise or a warehouse receipt 3 for the same under section 214.385, or performance of services, to a date designated by the purchaser, provided the cemetery operator, after deducting sales and administrative costs not to exceed twenty percent of the purchase price, deposits the remaining portion of the purchase price into an escrow or trust 8 account as herein provided, within sixty days following receipt of payment from 9 the purchaser. Funds so deposited pursuant to this section shall be maintained in such account until delivery of the property or the performance of services is 10 made or the contract for the purchase of such property or services is 11 canceled. The account is subject to inspection, examination or audit by the 12 division. No withdrawals may be made from the escrow or trust account 13 established pursuant to this section except as herein provided. 14

- 2. Upon written instructions from the purchaser of an interment, entombment, or inurnment cemetery service, a cemetery may defer performance of such service to a date designated by the purchaser, provided the cemetery operator, within forty-five days of the date the agreement is paid in full, deposits from its own funds an amount equal to eighty percent of the published retail price into a trusteed account. Funds deposited in a trusteed account pursuant to this section and section 214.385 shall be maintained in such account until delivery of the service is made or the agreement for the purchase of the service is canceled. No withdrawals may be made from the trusteed account established pursuant to this section and section 214.385 except as provided herein. Money in this account shall be invested utilizing the prudent man theory and is subject to audit by the division. Names and addresses of depositories of such money shall be submitted with the annual report.
- 3. Upon the delivery of the interment, entombment, or inurnment 29 cemetery service agreed upon by the cemetery or its agent, or the cancellation of the agreement for the purchase of such service, the cemetery operator may withdraw from the trusteed account an amount equal to (i) the market value of 32the trusteed account based on the most recent account statement issued to the 33 cemetery operator, times (ii) the ratio the service's deposit in the account bears 34 to the aggregate deposit of all services which are paid in full but not delivered. The trusteed account may be inspected or audited by the division.
  - 4. The provisions of this section shall apply to all agreements entered into

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after August 28, 2002.] With the exception of sales made pursuant to section 214.385, all sales of prearranged burial merchandise and services shall be made pursuant to this section.

- 2. Upon written instructions from the purchaser of burial merchandise or burial services set forth in a cemetery prearranged contract, a cemetery may defer delivery of such burial merchandise or a warehouse receipt for the same under section 214.385, or performance of services, to a date designated by the purchaser, provided the cemetery operator, after deducting sales and administrative costs associated with the sale, not to exceed twenty percent of the purchase price, deposits the remaining portion of the purchase price into an escrow or trust account as herein provided, within sixty days following receipt of payment from the purchaser. Funds so deposited pursuant to this section shall be maintained in such account until delivery of the property or the performance of services is made or the contract for the purchase of such property or services is cancelled, and fees and costs associated with the maintenance of the trust or escrow arrangement shall be charged to these funds. The account is subject to inspection, examination or audit by the division. No withdrawals may be made from the escrow or trust account established pursuant to this section except as herein provided.
  - 3. Each escrow arrangement must comply with the following:
- (1) The escrow agent shall be located in Missouri, authorized to exercise escrow powers, and shall maintain the escrow records so that they may be accessed and produced for inspection within five business days of the agent's receipt of a written request made by the office or its duly authorized representative. A cemetery operator shall not serve as an escrow agent for the cemetery operator's account nor shall the escrow agent be employed by or under common ownership with the cemetery operator. The cemetery operator shall maintain a current name and address for the escrow agent with the office, and shall obtain written approval from the office before making any change in the name or address of the escrow agent. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, information regarding the escrow agent shall be deemed an open record;
- (2) The escrow account funds shall be maintained in depository accounts at a Missouri financial institution that provides Federal

- 74 Deposit Insurance Corporation or comparable deposit insurance;
- 75 (3) The escrow arrangement shall be administered by the escrow
- 76 agent pursuant to an agreement approved by the office under the same
- 77 filing and approval procedure as that set forth for endowed care trust
- 78 fund agreements in section 214.330;
- 79 (4) The operator shall establish a separate depository account for
- 80 each cemetery prearranged contract administered pursuant to this
- 81 subsection;
- 82 (5) The division may promulgate by rule a form escrow
- 83 agreement to be used by a cemetery operator operating pursuant to
- 84 this section.
- 4. Each trust must comply with the following:
- 86 (1) The trustee shall be a state or federally chartered financial
- 87 institution authorized to exercise trust powers in Missouri, provided
- 88 that a foreign financial institution must be approved by the office;
- 89 (2) The trust fund records, including all trust fund accounting
- 90 records, shall either be maintained in the state of Missouri or shall be
- 91 electronically stored so that the records may be made available within
- 92 fifteen business days of the trustee's receipt of a written request made
- 93 by the office or its duly authorized representative. The cemetery
- 94 operator shall maintain a current name and address of the trustee and
- 95 the records custodian and shall supply such information to the office
- 96 or its representative upon request;
- 97 (3) The principal of such funds shall be appropriately invested
- 98 pursuant to the prudent investor rule under chapter 469, provided that
- 99 no trust funds shall be invested in any term insurance product;
- 100 (4) Payments regarding two or more cemetery prearranged
- 101 contracts may be deposited into and commingled in the same trust, so
- 102 long as adequate records are made available to the trustee to account
- 103 for cemetery prearranged contracts on an individual basis with regard
- 104 to deposits, earnings, distributions, and any taxes;
- 105 (5) Trust instruments shall be subject to the same filing and
- 106 approval procedure as that set forth for endowed care trust fund
- 107 agreements under section 214.330;
- 108 (6) A trustee may commingle the funds from trusts of unrelated
- 109 cemetery operators for investment purposes if the trustee has adequate
- 110 accounting for the allocations, disbursements, payments, and income

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111 among the participating trusts.

- 5. The income from escrow accounts, after payment of expenses associated with the arrangement, shall be distributed to the cemetery operator. All other distributions from trusts and escrow accounts shall be made pursuant to forms approved by the office. For performance of a cemetery prearranged contract, a certificate of performance form signed by the cemetery operator shall be required for distribution. For cancellation of a cemetery prearranged contract, a certificate of cancellation form signed by the cemetery operator and the purchaser shall be required for distribution.
- 6. A cemetery prearranged contract is subject to cancellation as follows:
  - (1) At any time before the final disposition of the deceased, or before the services or merchandise described in this section are provided, the purchaser may cancel the contract without cause by delivering written notice thereof to the operator. Within fifteen days after its receipt of such notice, the cemetery operator shall pay to the purchaser a net amount equal to eighty percent of all payments made under the contract. The cemetery operator shall be entitled to keep one-half of the interest earned on trust funds. Upon delivery of the purchaser's receipt for such payment to the escrow agent or trustee, the escrow agent or trustee shall distribute to the cemetery operator from the escrow account or trust an amount equal to all deposits made into the escrow account or trust for the contract:
  - (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, if a purchaser is eligible, becomes eligible, or desires to become eligible, to receive public assistance under chapter 208 or any other applicable state or federal law, the purchaser may irrevocably waive and renounce his right to cancel the contract pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (1) of this section, which waiver and renunciation shall be made in writing and delivered to the cemetery operator;
  - (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection, any purchaser, within thirty days of receipt of the executed contract, may cancel the contract without cause by delivering written notice thereof to the cemetery operator, and receive a full refund of all payments made on the contract;

- 148 (4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (1) of this 149 subsection, once any purchase order is entered for the production or manufacture of burial merchandise, per the purchaser's written 150151 request, the purchaser's obligation to pay for said burial merchandise 152 shall be noncancellable;
- 153 (5) No funds subject to a purchaser's right of cancellation hereunder shall be subject to the claims of the cemetery operator's 154 creditors. 155
- 156 7. Burial merchandise sold through a contract with a cemetery or cemetery operator which is entered into after the death of the 157 individual for whom the burial merchandise is intended shall not be 158 subject to any trusting or escrow requirement of this section. 159
- 160 8. This section shall apply to all agreements entered into after August 28, 2010. 161
- 214.389. 1. The division may direct a trustee, financial institution, or escrow agent to suspend distribution from an endowed care trust fund or escrow account if the cemetery operator does not have a current and active cemetery operator license, has failed to file an annual report, or if, after an audit or examination, the division determines there is a deficiency in an endowed care trust fund or escrow account maintained under section 214.330 and the cemetery operator has failed to file a corrective action plan detailing how the deficiency shall be remedied. For purposes of this section, a deficiency shall only be deemed to exist if, after an audit or examination, the 10 division determines a cemetery operator has failed to deposit the total 11 aggregate of funds required to be deposited in trust or an escrow 1213 account pursuant to section 214.320 or subsection 1 of section 214.335, or has received disbursements from the trust or escrow account in excess of what is permitted under section 214.330. No deficiency shall 15 be deemed to be created by fluctuations in the value of investments 16 held in trust or escrow. 17
- 2. The division shall provide written notification to the cemetery operator and the trustee, financial institution, or escrow agent within 19 20fourteen days of discovering a potential violation as described in this section. Upon receipt of written notification from the division, the 21cemetery operator shall have sixty days to cure any alleged violations 22or deficiencies cited in the notification without a suspension of 23

distribution. If, after the sixty-day time period, the division feels the cemetery has not cured the alleged violations or deficiencies cited in the notification, the division may send a notice of suspension to the cemetery operator that the division is ordering a suspension of distribution as described in this section. In the event of a suspension of distribution, the amount of any distribution suspended shall become principal, with credit against the deficiency, unless the cemetery operator files an appeal with a court of competent jurisdiction or with the administrative hearing commission, as provided herein. In the event of an appeal, a cemetery operator may request the court or administrative hearing commission stay the suspension of distribution after a showing of necessity and good cause or authorize payment from the endowed care trust fund or escrow account for necessary expenses from any amount subject to distribution.

- 3. Upon receipt of an order from the division suspending distribution pursuant to this section, a trustee, financial institution, or escrow agent shall immediately suspend distribution as required by the order. A trustee, financial institution, or escrow agent shall be exempt from liability for failure to distribute funds as ordered by the division.
- 4. A cemetery operator may appeal an order suspending distribution pursuant to this section to the administrative hearing commission. The administrative hearing commission shall receive notice of such appeal within thirty days from the date the notice of suspension was mailed by certified mail. Failure of a person whose license was suspended to notify the administrative hearing commission of his or her intent to appeal waives all rights to appeal the suspension. Upon notice of such person's intent to appeal, a hearing shall be held before the administrative hearing commission pursuant to chapter 621.
- 5. A cemetery operator may apply for reinstatement of distributions upon demonstration that the deficiencies or other problems have been cured or that the operator has otherwise come into compliance.
- 6. The division may promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is

- subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, and, if applicable, section 536.028. This section and chapter 536 are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2010, shall
- 67 be invalid and void.

## 214.392. 1. The division shall:

- 2 (1) Recommend prosecution for violations of the provisions of sections 3 214.270 to 214.410 to the appropriate prosecuting, circuit attorney or to the 4 attorney general;
- 5 (2) Employ, within limits of the funds appropriated, such employees as are 6 necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410;
- 7 (3) Be allowed to convey full authority to each city or county governing 8 body the use of inmates controlled by the department of corrections and the board 9 of probation and parole to care for abandoned cemeteries located within the 10 boundaries of each city or county;
- 11 (4) Exercise all budgeting, purchasing, reporting and other related 12 management functions;
- 13 (5) Be authorized, within the limits of the funds appropriated, to 14 conduct investigations, examinations, or audits to determine 15 compliance with sections 214.270 to 214.410;
- 16 (6) The division may promulgate rules necessary to implement the 17 provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.516, including but not limited to:
- 18 (a) Rules setting the amount of fees authorized pursuant to sections
  19 214.270 to 214.516. The fees shall be set at a level to produce revenue that shall
  20 not substantially exceed the cost and expense of administering sections 214.270
- 21 to 214.516. All moneys received by the division pursuant to sections 214.270 to
- 22 214.516 shall be collected by the director who shall transmit such moneys to the
- 23 department of revenue for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the
- 24 endowed care cemetery audit fund created in section 193.265, RSMo;
- 25 (b) Rules to administer the inspection and audit provisions of the endowed 26 care cemetery law;
- 27 (c) Rules for the establishment and maintenance of the cemetery registry 28 pursuant to section 214.283.
- 29 2. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010,

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30 RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become 31 effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 32 33 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date 34 35 or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 36 37 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.

214.400. Sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall be known as the "Cemetery Endowed Care **Trust** Fund Law".

214.410. 1. Any cemetery operator who shall willfully violate any provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 for which no penalty is otherwise prescribed shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined a sum not to exceed five hundred dollars or shall be confined not more than six months or both.

- 2. Any cemetery operator who shall willfully violate any provision of [section] sections 214.320, 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.360 [or], 214.385, or 214.387 shall be deemed guilty of a class D felony and upon conviction thereof shall be fined a sum not to exceed ten thousand dollars or shall be confined not more than five years or both. This section shall not apply to cemeteries or cemetery associations which do not sell lots in the cemetery.
- 3. Any trustee who shall willfully violate any applicable provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410 shall have committed an unsafe and unsound banking practice and shall be penalized as authorized by chapters 361 and 362, RSMo. This subsection shall be enforced exclusively by the Missouri division of finance for state chartered institutions and the Missouri attorney general for federally chartered institutions.
- 4. Any person who shall willfully violate any provision of section 214.320, 18 214.330, 214.335, 214.340, 214.360 or 214.385 or violates any rule, regulation or 19 20 order of the division may, in accordance with the regulations issued by the 21 division, be assessed an administrative penalty by the division. The penalty shall 22not exceed five thousand dollars for each violation and each day of the continuing 23violation shall be deemed a separate violation for purposes of administrative penalty assessment. However, no administrative penalty may be assessed until 24the person charged with the violation has been given the opportunity for a 25hearing on the violation. Penalty assessments received shall be deposited in the  $^{26}$

27 endowed care cemetery audit fund created in section 193.265, RSMo.

214.500. Any cemetery located in a city [not within a county,] which has become the property of such city pursuant to section 214.205 or a public tax sale may be sold to another cemetery operator or a not-for-profit corporation which is unrelated to the previous cemetery operator.

214.504. Any cemetery operator who purchases a cemetery from a city [not within a county] pursuant to sections 214.500 to 214.516 shall not be liable for any wrongful interments or errors made in the sale of plots prior to the cemetery operator's purchase of the cemetery, nor shall such cemetery operator be liable for multiple ownership of plots sold by such cemetery operator due to a lack of adequate records in such cemetery operator's possession at the time of such cemetery operator's purchase of such cemetery from the city, provided the cemetery operator offers a plot of equal value for the interment, if such party can prove ownership of the right to bury a person by presenting a contract for the right to burial.

214.508. Any cemetery operator who purchases a cemetery from a city [not within a county] shall not be held liable or responsible for any conditions existing or actions taken which occurred prior to the cemetery operator's purchase from such city; except that, the exemption provided in this section shall not relieve any previous owner or wrongdoer for their actions related to such cemetery.

214.512. Any subsequent cemetery owner after a city [not within a county] shall be exempt from the provisions of section 214.325 and section 214.410 for any deficiency existing prior to such city's ownership; except that, such exemption shall not relieve any previous cemetery owners or wrongdoers from the provisions of such sections.

214.516. Any cemetery owner subsequent to a city [not within a county], regardless of whether such cemetery was previously registered as an endowed are cemetery, held itself out to be an endowed care cemetery or was a nonendowed care cemetery, shall comply with section 214.310 and register such cemetery as an endowed care cemetery as if it were a newly created cemetery with no interments at the time of such registration. Any contracts for the right of burial sold after compliance with section 214.310 and all subsequent action of a subsequent cemetery owner shall comply fully with the provisions of sections 214.270 to 214.410.

214.550. 1. For purposes of this section, the following terms mean:

2 (1) "Cremains", the [ashes that remain after cremation of a human corpse]

## 3 remains of a human corpse after cremation;

- 4 (2) "Operator", a church that owns and maintains a religious cemetery;
- 5 (3) "Religious cemetery", a cemetery owned, operated, controlled, or
- 6 managed by any church that has or would qualify for federal tax-exempt status
- 7 as a nonprofit religious organization pursuant to section 501(c) of the Internal
- 8 Revenue Code as amended;
- 9 (4) "Scatter garden", a location for the spreading of cremains set aside 10 within a cemetery.
- 2. It shall be lawful for any operator of a religious cemetery adjacent to a church building or other building regularly used as a place of worship to establish a scatter garden for the purpose of scattering human cremains.
- 3. The operator of any religious cemetery containing a scatter garden shall maintain, protect, and supervise the scatter garden, and shall be responsible for all costs incurred for such maintenance, protection, and supervision. Such operator shall also maintain a record of all cremains scattered in the scatter garden that shall include the name, date of death, and Social Security number of each person whose cremains are scattered, and the date the cremains were scattered.
- 4. A scatter garden established pursuant to this section shall be maintained by the operator of the religious cemetery for as long as such operator is in existence. Upon dissolution of such operator, all records of cremains shall be transferred to the clerk of the city, town, or village in which the scatter garden is located, or if the scatter garden is located in any unincorporated area, to the county recorder.
  - $301.142. \ 1.$  As used in sections 301.141 to 301.143, the following terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Department", the department of revenue;
- 4 (2) "Director", the director of the department of revenue;
- 5 (3) "Other authorized health care practitioner" includes advanced practice
- 6 registered nurses licensed pursuant to chapter 335, RSMo, physician assistants
- 7 licensed pursuant to chapter 334, chiropractors licensed pursuant to chapter
- 8 331, RSMo, podiatrists licensed pursuant to chapter 330, RSMo, and optometrists
- 9 licensed pursuant to chapter 336, RSMo;

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- 10 (4) "Physically disabled", a natural person who is blind, as defined in
- 11 section 8.700, RSMo, or a natural person with medical disabilities which
- 12 prohibits, limits, or severely impairs one's ability to ambulate or walk, as

- determined by a licensed physician or other authorized health care practitioner as follows:
- 15 (a) The person cannot ambulate or walk fifty or less feet without stopping
- 16 to rest due to a severe and disabling arthritic, neurological, orthopedic condition,
- 17 or other severe and disabling condition; or
- 18 (b) The person cannot ambulate or walk without the use of, or assistance
- 19 from, a brace, cane, crutch, another person, prosthetic device, wheelchair, or other
- 20 assistive device; or
- 21 (c) Is restricted by a respiratory or other disease to such an extent that
- 22 the person's forced respiratory expiratory volume for one second, when measured
- 23 by spirometry, is less than one liter, or the arterial oxygen tension is less than
- 24 sixty mm/hg on room air at rest; or
- (d) Uses portable oxygen; or
- 26 (e) Has a cardiac condition to the extent that the person's functional
- 27 limitations are classified in severity as class III or class IV according to standards
- 28 set by the American Heart Association; or
- 29 (f) A person's age, in and of itself, shall not be a factor in determining
- 30 whether such person is physically disabled or is otherwise entitled to disabled
- 31 license plates and/or disabled windshield hanging placards within the meaning
- 32 of sections 301.141 to 301.143;
- 33 (5) "Physician", a person licensed to practice medicine pursuant to chapter
- 34 334, RSMo;
- 35 (6) "Physician's statement", a statement personally signed by a duly
- 36 authorized person which certifies that a person is disabled as defined in this
- 37 section;
- 38 (7) "Temporarily disabled person", a disabled person as defined in this
- 39 section whose disability or incapacity is expected to last no more than one
- 40 hundred eighty days;
- 41 (8) "Temporary windshield placard", a placard to be issued to persons who
- 42 are temporarily disabled persons as defined in this section, certification of which
- 43 shall be indicated on the physician's statement;
- 44 (9) "Windshield placard", a placard to be issued to persons who are
- 45 physically disabled as defined in this section, certification of which shall be
- 46 indicated on the physician's statement.
- 47 2. Other authorized health care practitioners may furnish to a disabled
- 48 or temporarily disabled person a physician's statement for only those physical

- 49 health care conditions for which such health care practitioner is legally 50 authorized to diagnose and treat.
  - 3. A physician's statement shall:
    - (1) Be on a form prescribed by the director of revenue;
- 53 (2) Set forth the specific diagnosis and medical condition which renders 54 the person physically disabled or temporarily disabled as defined in this section;
- 55 (3) Include the physician's or other authorized health care practitioner's 56 license number; and
- 57 (4) Be personally signed by the issuing physician or other authorized 58 health care practitioner.
  - 4. If it is the professional opinion of the physician or other authorized health care practitioner issuing the statement that the physical disability of the applicant, user, or member of the applicant's household is permanent, it shall be noted on the statement. Otherwise, the physician or other authorized health care practitioner shall note on the statement the anticipated length of the disability which period may not exceed one hundred eighty days. If the physician or health care practitioner fails to record an expiration date on the physician's statement, the director shall issue a temporary windshield placard for a period of thirty days.
  - 5. A physician or other authorized health care practitioner who issues or signs a physician's statement so that disabled plates or a disabled windshield placard may be obtained shall maintain in such disabled person's medical chart documentation that such a certificate has been issued, the date the statement was signed, the diagnosis or condition which existed that qualified the person as disabled pursuant to this section and shall contain sufficient documentation so as to objectively confirm that such condition exists.
  - 6. The medical or other records of the physician or other authorized health care practitioner who issued a physician's statement shall be open to inspection and review by such practitioner's licensing board, in order to verify compliance with this section. Information contained within such records shall be confidential unless required for prosecution, disciplinary purposes, or otherwise required to be disclosed by law.
  - 7. Owners of motor vehicles who are residents of the state of Missouri, and who are physically disabled, owners of motor vehicles operated at least fifty percent of the time by a physically disabled person, or owners of motor vehicles used to primarily transport physically disabled members of the owner's household

may obtain disabled person license plates. Such owners, upon application, accompanied by the documents and fees provided for in this section, a current physician's statement which has been issued within ninety days proceeding the date the application is made and proof of compliance with the state motor vehicle laws relating to registration and licensing of motor vehicles, shall be issued motor vehicle license plates for vehicles, other than commercial vehicles with a gross weight in excess of twenty-four thousand pounds, upon which shall be inscribed the international wheelchair accessibility symbol and the word "DISABLED" in addition to a combination of letters and numbers. Such license plates shall be made with fully reflective material with a common color scheme and design, shall be clearly visible at night, and shall be aesthetically attractive, as prescribed by section 301.130. 

- 8. The director shall further issue, upon request, to such applicant one, and for good cause shown, as the director may define by rule and regulations, not more than two, removable disabled windshield hanging placards for use when the disabled person is occupying a vehicle or when a vehicle not bearing the permanent handicap plate is being used to pick up, deliver, or collect the physically disabled person issued the disabled motor vehicle license plate or disabled windshield hanging placard.
- 9. No additional fee shall be paid to the director for the issuance of the special license plates provided in this section, except for special personalized license plates and other license plates described in this subsection. Priority for any specific set of special license plates shall be given to the applicant who received the number in the immediately preceding license period subject to the applicant's compliance with the provisions of this section and any applicable rules or regulations issued by the director. If determined feasible by the advisory committee established in section 301.129, any special license plate issued pursuant to this section may be adapted to also include the international wheelchair accessibility symbol and the word "DISABLED" as prescribed in this section and such plate may be issued to any applicant who meets the requirements of this section and the other appropriate provision of this chapter, subject to the requirements and fees of the appropriate provision of this chapter.
- 10. Any physically disabled person, or the parent or guardian of any such person, or any not-for-profit group, organization, or other entity which transports more than one physically disabled person, may apply to the director of revenue for a removable windshield placard. The placard may be used in motor vehicles

which do not bear the permanent handicap symbol on the license plate. Such placards must be hung from the front, middle rearview mirror of a parked motor vehicle and may not be hung from the mirror during operation. These placards may only be used during the period of time when the vehicle is being used by a disabled person, or when the vehicle is being used to pick up, deliver, or collect a disabled person. When there is no rearview mirror, the placard shall be displayed on the dashboard on the driver's side.

- 11. The removable windshield placard shall conform to the specifications, in respect to size, color, and content, as set forth in federal regulations published by the Department of Transportation. The removable windshield placard shall be renewed every four years. The director may stagger the expiration dates to equalize workload. Only one removable placard may be issued to an applicant who has been issued disabled person license plates. Upon request, one additional windshield placard may be issued to an applicant who has not been issued disabled person license plates.
- disabled person, or the parent or guardian of any such person who otherwise qualifies except that the physical disability, in the opinion of the physician, is not expected to exceed a period of one hundred eighty days. The temporary windshield placard shall conform to the specifications, in respect to size, color, and content, as set forth in federal regulations published by the Department of Transportation. The fee for the temporary windshield placard shall be two dollars. Upon request, and for good cause shown, one additional temporary windshield placard may be issued to an applicant. Temporary windshield placards shall be issued upon presentation of the physician's statement provided by this section and shall be displayed in the same manner as removable windshield placards. A person or entity shall be qualified to possess and display a temporary removable windshield placard for six months and the placard may be renewed once for an additional six months if a physician's statement pursuant to this section is supplied to the director of revenue at the time of renewal.
- 13. Application for license plates or windshield placards issued pursuant to this section shall be made to the director of revenue and shall be accompanied by a statement signed by a licensed physician or other authorized health care practitioner which certifies that the applicant, user, or member of the applicant's household is a physically disabled person as defined by this section.
  - 14. The placard shall be renewable only by the person or entity to which

the placard was originally issued. Any placard issued pursuant to this section shall only be used when the physically disabled occupant for whom the disabled plate or placard was issued is in the motor vehicle at the time of parking or when a physically disabled person is being delivered or collected. A disabled license plate and/or a removable windshield hanging placard are not transferable and may not be used by any other person whether disabled or not.

15. At the time the disabled plates or windshield hanging placards are issued, the director shall issue a registration certificate which shall include the applicant's name, address, and other identifying information as prescribed by the director, or if issued to an agency, such agency's name and address. This certificate shall further contain the disabled license plate number or, for windshield hanging placards, the registration or identifying number stamped on the placard. The validated registration receipt given to the applicant shall serve as the registration certificate.

16. The director shall, upon issuing any disabled registration certificate for license plates and/or windshield hanging placards, provide information which explains that such plates or windshield hanging placards are nontransferable, and the restrictions explaining who and when a person or vehicle which bears or has the disabled plates or windshield hanging placards may be used or be parked in a disabled reserved parking space, and the penalties prescribed for violations of the provisions of this act.

17. Every new applicant for a disabled license plate or placard shall be required to present a new physician's statement dated no more than ninety days prior to such application. Renewal applicants will be required to submit a physician's statement dated no more than ninety days prior to such application upon their first renewal occurring on or after August 1, 2005. Upon completing subsequent renewal applications, a physician's statement dated no more than ninety days prior to such application shall be required every fourth year. Such physician's statement shall state the expiration date for the temporary windshield placard. If the physician fails to record an expiration date on the physician's statement, the director shall issue the temporary windshield placard for a period of thirty days. The director may stagger the requirement of a physician's statement on all renewals for the initial implementation of a four-year period.

18. The director of revenue upon receiving a physician's statement pursuant to this subsection shall check with the state board of registration for the healing arts created in section 334.120, RSMo, or the Missouri state board of

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nursing established in section 335.021, RSMo, with respect to physician's statements signed by advanced practice registered nurses, or the Missouri state board of chiropractic examiners established in section 331.090, RSMo, with respect to physician's statements signed by licensed chiropractors, or with the board of optometry established in section 336.130, RSMo, with respect to physician's statements signed by licensed optometrists, or the state board of podiatric medicine created in section 330.100, RSMo, with respect to physician's statements signed by physicians of the foot or podiatrists to determine whether the physician is duly licensed and registered pursuant to law. If such applicant obtaining a disabled license plate or placard presents proof of disability in the form of a statement from the United States Veterans' Administration verifying that the person is permanently disabled, the applicant shall be exempt from the four-year certification requirement of this subsection for renewal of the plate or placard. Initial applications shall be accompanied by the physician's statement required by this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (f) of subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this section, any person seventy-five years of age or older who provided the physician's statement with the original application shall not be required to provide a physician's statement for the purpose of renewal of disabled persons license plates or windshield placards.

- 19. The boards shall cooperate with the director and shall supply information requested pursuant to this subsection. The director shall, in cooperation with the boards which shall assist the director, establish a list of all Missouri physicians and other authorized health care practitioners and of any other information necessary to administer this section.
- 20. Where the owner's application is based on the fact that the vehicle is used at least fifty percent of the time by a physically disabled person, the applicant shall submit a statement stating this fact, in addition to the physician's statement. The statement shall be signed by both the owner of the vehicle and the physically disabled person. The applicant shall be required to submit this statement with each application for license plates. No person shall willingly or knowingly submit a false statement and any such false statement shall be considered perjury and may be punishable pursuant to section 301.420.
- 21. The director of revenue shall retain all physicians' statements and all other documents received in connection with a person's application for disabled license plates and/or disabled windshield placards.
  - 22. The director of revenue shall enter into reciprocity agreements with

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other states or the federal government for the purpose of recognizing disabled person license plates or windshield placards issued to physically disabled persons.

- 23. When a person to whom disabled person license plates or a removable or temporary windshield placard or both have been issued dies, the personal representative of the decedent or such other person who may come into or otherwise take possession of the disabled license plates or disabled windshield placard shall return the same to the director of revenue under penalty of law. Failure to return such plates or placards shall constitute a class B misdemeanor.
- 238 24. The director of revenue may order any person issued disabled person 239 license plates or windshield placards to submit to an examination by a 240 chiropractor, osteopath, or physician, or to such other investigation as will 241 determine whether such person qualifies for the special plates or placards.
  - 25. If such person refuses to submit or is found to no longer qualify for special plates or placards provided for in this section, the director of revenue shall collect the special plates or placards, and shall furnish license plates to replace the ones collected as provided by this chapter.
- 26. In the event a removable or temporary windshield placard is lost, stolen, or mutilated, the lawful holder thereof shall, within five days, file with the director of revenue an application and an affidavit stating such fact, in order to purchase a new placard. The fee for the replacement windshield placard shall be four dollars.
- 27. Fraudulent application, renewal, issuance, procurement or use of disabled person license plates or windshield placards shall be a class A misdemeanor. It is a class B misdemeanor for a physician, chiropractor, podiatrist or optometrist to certify that an individual or family member is qualified for a license plate or windshield placard based on a disability, the diagnosis of which is outside their scope of practice or if there is no basis for the diagnosis.
  - 334.735. 1. As used in sections 334.735 to 334.749, the following terms mean:
  - 3 (1) "Applicant", any individual who seeks to become licensed as a 4 physician assistant;
  - 5 (2) "Certification" or "registration", a process by a certifying entity that 6 grants recognition to applicants meeting predetermined qualifications specified 7 by such certifying entity;

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- 8 (3) "Certifying entity", the nongovernmental agency or association which 9 certifies or registers individuals who have completed academic and training 10 requirements;
- 11 (4) "Department", the department of insurance, financial institutions and 12 professional registration or a designated agency thereof;
  - (5) "License", a document issued to an applicant by the board acknowledging that the applicant is entitled to practice as a physician assistant;
- (6) "Physician assistant", a person who has graduated from a physician 15 assistant program accredited by the American Medical Association's Committee 16 on Allied Health Education and Accreditation or by its successor agency, who has 17 passed the certifying examination administered by the National Commission on 18 Certification of Physician Assistants and has active certification by the National 19 Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants who provides health care 20 21services delegated by a licensed physician. A person who has been employed as a physician assistant for three years prior to August 28, 1989, who has passed the 22National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants examination, and 23 has active certification of the National Commission on Certification of Physician 2425Assistants;
  - (7) "Recognition", the formal process of becoming a certifying entity as required by the provisions of sections 334.735 to 334.749;
  - (8) "Supervision", control exercised over a physician assistant working within the same facility as the supervising physician sixty-six percent of the time a physician assistant provides patient care, except a physician assistant may make follow-up patient examinations in hospitals, nursing homes, patient homes, and correctional facilities, each such examination being reviewed, approved and signed by the supervising physician, except as provided by subsection 2 of this section. For the purposes of this section, the percentage of time a physician assistant provides patient care with the supervising physician on-site shall be measured each calendar quarter. The supervising physician must be readily available in person or via telecommunication during the time the physician assistant is providing patient care. The board shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, for documentation of joint review of the physician assistant activity by the supervising physician and the physician assistant. The physician assistant shall be limited to practice at locations where the supervising physician is no further than thirty miles by road using the most direct route available, or in any other fashion so distanced as to create an impediment to effective

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- intervention and supervision of patient care or adequate review of services. Any other provisions of this chapter notwithstanding, for up to ninety days following the effective date of rules promulgated by the board to establish the waiver process under subsection 2 of this section, any physician assistant practicing in a health professional shortage area as of April 1, 2007, shall be allowed to practice under the on-site requirements stipulated by the supervising physician on the supervising physician form that was in effect on April 1, 2007.
  - 2. The board shall promulgate rules under chapter 536, RSMo, to direct the advisory commission on physician assistants to establish a formal waiver mechanism by which an individual physician-physician assistant team may apply for alternate minimum amounts of on-site supervision and maximum distance from the supervising physician. After review of an application for a waiver, the advisory commission on physician assistants shall present its recommendation to the board for its advice and consent on the approval or denial of the application. The rule shall establish a process by which the public is invited to comment on the application for a waiver, and shall specify that a waiver may only be granted if a supervising physician and physician assistant demonstrate to the board's satisfaction in accordance with its uniformly applied criteria that:
- 62 (1) Adequate supervision will be provided by the physician for the 63 physician assistant, given the physician assistant's training and experience and 64 the acuity of patient conditions normally treated in the clinical setting;
  - (2) The physician assistant shall be limited to practice at locations where the supervising physician is no further than fifty miles by road using the most direct route available, or in any other fashion so distanced as to create an impediment to effective intervention and supervision of patient care or adequate review of services;
- 70 (3) The community or communities served by the supervising physician and physician assistant would experience reduced access to health care services in the absence of a waiver;
- 73 (4) The applicant will practice in an area designated at the time of 74 application as a health professional shortage area;
- 75 (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a 76 physician-physician assistant team to increase their on-site requirement allowed 77 in their initial waiver in order to qualify for renewal of such waiver;
- 78 (6) If a waiver has been granted by the board of healing arts **on or after** 79 **August 28, 2009,** to a [physician] **physician-physician** assistant **team**

- 80 working in a rural health clinic under the federal Rural Health Clinic Services 81 Act, P.L. 95-210, as amended, no additional waiver shall be required for the physician-physician assistant team, so long as the rural health clinic 82 83 maintains its status as a rural health clinic under such federal act, and such [physician assistant and supervising physician] physician-physician assistant 84 85 team comply with federal supervision requirements. No supervision 86 requirements in addition to the minimum federal law shall be required for the physician-physician assistant team in a rural health clinic if a 87 waiver has been granted by the board. However, the board shall be 88 89 able to void a current waiver after conducting a hearing and upon a 90 finding of fact that the physician-physician assistant team has failed to 91 comply with such federal act or either member of the team has violated 92 a provision of this chapter;
- 93 (7) A physician assistant shall only be required to seek a renewal of a 94 waiver every five years or when his or her supervising physician is a different 95 physician than the physician shown on the waiver application or they move their 96 primary practice location more than ten miles from the location shown on the 97 waiver application.
- 98 3. The scope of practice of a physician assistant shall consist only of the 99 following services and procedures:
- 100 (1) Taking patient histories;

- (2) Performing physical examinations of a patient;
- 102 (3) Performing or assisting in the performance of routine office laboratory 103 and patient screening procedures;
  - (4) Performing routine therapeutic procedures;
- 105 (5) Recording diagnostic impressions and evaluating situations calling for 106 attention of a physician to institute treatment procedures;
- 107 (6) Instructing and counseling patients regarding mental and physical 108 health using procedures reviewed and approved by a licensed physician;
- 109 (7) Assisting the supervising physician in institutional settings, including 110 reviewing of treatment plans, ordering of tests and diagnostic laboratory and 111 radiological services, and ordering of therapies, using procedures reviewed and 112 approved by a licensed physician;
- 113 (8) Assisting in surgery;
- 114 (9) Performing such other tasks not prohibited by law under the 115 supervision of a licensed physician as the physician's assistant has been trained

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- and is proficient to perform;
- 117 (10) Physician assistants shall not perform abortions.

physician assistant shall be subject to the following:

- 4. Physician assistants shall not prescribe nor dispense any drug, 118 119 medicine, device or therapy [independent of consultation with the supervising 120 physician unless pursuant to a physician supervision agreement in 121accordance with the law, nor prescribe lenses, prisms or contact lenses for the 122 aid, relief or correction of vision or the measurement of visual power or visual efficiency of the human eye, nor administer or monitor general or regional block 123 124 anesthesia during diagnostic tests, surgery or obstetric procedures. Prescribing 125 and dispensing of drugs, medications, devices or therapies by a physician 126 assistant shall be pursuant to a physician assistant supervision agreement which is specific to the clinical conditions treated by the supervising physician and the 127
- 129 (1) A physician assistant shall only prescribe controlled substances in accordance with section 334.747;
- 131 (2) The types of drugs, medications, devices or therapies prescribed or 132 dispensed by a physician assistant shall be consistent with the scopes of practice 133 of the physician assistant and the supervising physician;
  - (3) All prescriptions shall conform with state and federal laws and regulations and shall include the name, address and telephone number of the physician assistant and the supervising physician;
  - (4) A physician assistant or advanced practice nurse as defined in section 335.016, RSMo, may request, receive and sign for noncontrolled professional samples and may distribute professional samples to patients;
- 140 (5) A physician assistant shall not prescribe any drugs, medicines, devices 141 or therapies the supervising physician is not qualified or authorized to prescribe; 142 and
- 143 (6) A physician assistant may only dispense starter doses of medication 144 to cover a period of time for seventy-two hours or less.
- 5. A physician assistant shall clearly identify himself or herself as a physician assistant and shall not use or permit to be used in the physician assistant's behalf the terms "doctor", "Dr." or "doc" nor hold himself or herself out in any way to be a physician or surgeon. No physician assistant shall practice or attempt to practice without physician supervision or in any location where the supervising physician is not immediately available for consultation, assistance and intervention, except as otherwise provided in this section, and in an

152 emergency situation, nor shall any physician assistant bill a patient 153 independently or directly for any services or procedure by the physician assistant.

- 6. For purposes of this section, the licensing of physician assistants shall take place within processes established by the state board of registration for the healing arts through rule and regulation. The board of healing arts is authorized to establish rules pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, establishing licensing and renewal procedures, supervision, supervision agreements, fees, and addressing such other matters as are necessary to protect the public and discipline the profession. An application for licensing may be denied or the license of a physician assistant may be suspended or revoked by the board in the same manner and for violation of the standards as set forth by section 334.100, or such other standards of conduct set by the board by rule or regulation. Persons licensed pursuant to the provisions of chapter 335, RSMo, shall not be required to be licensed as physician assistants. All applicants for physician assistant licensure who complete a physician assistant training program after January 1, 2008, shall have a master's degree from a physician assistant program.
- 7. "Physician assistant supervision agreement" means a written agreement, jointly agreed-upon protocols or standing order between a supervising physician and a physician assistant, which provides for the delegation of health care services from a supervising physician to a physician assistant and the review of such services.
- 8. When a physician assistant supervision agreement is utilized to provide health care services for conditions other than acute self-limited or well-defined problems, the supervising physician or other physician designated in the supervision agreement shall see the patient for evaluation and approve or formulate the plan of treatment for new or significantly changed conditions as soon as practical, but in no case more than two weeks after the patient has been seen by the physician assistant.
- 9. At all times the physician is responsible for the oversight of the activities of, and accepts responsibility for, health care services rendered by the physician assistant.
- 183 10. It is the responsibility of the supervising physician to determine and document the completion of at least a one-month period of time during which the licensed physician assistant shall practice with a supervising physician continuously present before practicing in a setting where a supervising physician is not continuously present.

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- 188 11. No contract or other agreement shall require a physician to act as a 189 supervising physician for a physician assistant against the physician's will. A physician shall have the right to refuse to act as a supervising physician, without 190 191 penalty, for a particular physician assistant. No contract or other agreement 192 shall limit the supervising physician's ultimate authority over any protocols or 193 standing orders or in the delegation of the physician's authority to any physician 194 assistant, but this requirement shall not authorize a physician in implementing 195 such protocols, standing orders, or delegation to violate applicable standards for 196 safe medical practice established by hospital's medical staff.
  - 12. Physician assistants shall file with the board a copy of their supervising physician form.
- 13. No physician shall be designated to serve as supervising physician for 200 more than three full-time equivalent licensed physician assistants. This 201 limitation shall not apply to physician assistant agreements of hospital employees 202 providing inpatient care service in hospitals as defined in chapter 197, RSMo.
- 337.528. 1. If the committee finds merit to a complaint by an individual incarcerated or under the care and control of the department of corrections or by an individual who has been ordered to be taken into custody, detained, or held under sections 632.480 to 632.513 and takes further investigative action, no documentation may appear on file or disciplinary action may be taken in regards to the licensee's license unless the provisions of subsection 2 of section 337.525 have been violated. Any case file documentation that does not result in the committee filing an action under subsection 2 of section 337.525 shall be 8 destroyed within three months after the final case disposition by the board. No notification to any other licensing board in another state or any national registry 10 regarding any investigative action shall be made unless the provisions of 11 subsection 2 of section 337.525 have been violated. 12
  - 2. Upon written request of the licensed professional counselor subject to a complaint, prior to August 28, 2007, by an individual incarcerated or under the care and control of the department of corrections or prior to August 28, 2010, by an individual who has been ordered to be taken into custody, detained, or held under sections 632.480 to 632.513 that did not result in the committee filing an action under subsection 2 of section 337.525, the committee and the division of professional registration shall in a timely fashion:
  - (1) Destroy all documentation regarding the complaint;
- 21 (2) Notify any other licensing board in another state or any national

- registry regarding the committee's actions if they have been previously notified of the complaint; and
- 24 (3) Send a letter to the licensee that clearly states that the committee 25 found the complaint to be unsubstantiated, that the committee has taken the 26 requested action, and notify the licensee of the provisions of subsection 3 of this 27 section.
- 3. Any person who has been the subject of an unsubstantiated complaint as provided in subsection 1 or 2 of this section shall not be required to disclose the existence of such complaint in subsequent applications or representations relating to their counseling professions.

338.100. 1. Every permit holder of a licensed pharmacy shall cause to be kept in a uniform fashion consistent with this section a suitable book, file, or electronic recordkeeping system in which shall be preserved, for a period of 3 not less than five years, the original or order of each drug which has been compounded or dispensed at such pharmacy, according to and in compliance with standards provided by the board, and shall produce the same in court or before any grand jury whenever lawfully required. A licensed pharmacy may maintain its prescription file on readable microfilm for records maintained over three 8 years. After September, 1999, a licensed pharmacy may preserve prescription 10 files on microfilm or by electronic media storage for records maintained over three 11 years. The pharmacist in charge shall be responsible for complying with the 12 permit holder's record-keeping system in compliance with this section. Records 13 maintained by a pharmacy that contain medical or drug information on patients or their care shall be considered as confidential and shall only be released 14 according to standards provided by the board. Upon request, the pharmacist in 15 charge of such pharmacy shall furnish to the [prescribe] prescriber, and may 16 furnish to the person for whom such prescription was compounded or dispensed, 17 a true and correct copy of the original prescription. The file of original 18 prescriptions kept in any format in compliance with this section, and other 19 20 confidential records, as defined by law, shall at all times be open for inspection by board of pharmacy representatives. Records maintained in an electronic 21 22recordkeeping system shall contain all information otherwise required 23 in a manual recordkeeping system. Electronic records shall be readily  $^{24}$ retrievable. Pharmacies may electronically maintain the original 25prescription or prescription order for each drug and may electronically annotate any change or alteration to a prescription record in the 26

substance laws.

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- 27 electronic recordkeeping system as authorized by law; provided 28however, original written and faxed prescriptions shall be physically 29maintained on file at the pharmacy under state and federal controlled
- 31 2. An institutional pharmacy located in a hospital shall be responsible for 32maintaining records of the transactions of the pharmacy as required by federal and state laws and as necessary to maintain adequate control and accountability 33 of all drugs. This shall include a system of controls and records for the 34 requisitioning and dispensing of pharmaceutical supplies where applicable to 35 patients, nursing care units and to other departments or services of the 36 37 institution. Inspection performed pursuant to this subsection shall be consistent with the provisions of section 197.100, RSMo. 38
- 39 3. "Electronic recordkeeping system", as used in this section, 40 shall mean a system, including machines, methods of organization, and 41 procedures, that provides input, storage, processing, communications, 42output, and control functions for digitized images of original prescriptions. 43
- 339.010. 1. A "real estate broker" is any person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, professional  $^{2}$ corporation, or corporation, foreign or domestic who, for another, and for a compensation or valuable consideration, does, or attempts to do, any or all of the following:
- 6 (1) Sells, exchanges, purchases, rents, or leases real estate;
- 7 (2) Offers to sell, exchange, purchase, rent or lease real estate;
- (3) Negotiates or offers or agrees to negotiate the sale, exchange, 8
- purchase, rental or leasing of real estate;
- 10 (4) Lists or offers or agrees to list real estate for sale, lease, rental or 11 exchange;
- 12 (5) Buys, sells, offers to buy or sell or otherwise deals in options on real 13 estate or improvements thereon;
- (6) Advertises or holds himself or herself out as a licensed real estate 14 broker while engaged in the business of buying, selling, exchanging, renting, or 15 leasing real estate; 16
- 17 (7) Assists or directs in the procuring of prospects, calculated to result in the sale, exchange, leasing or rental of real estate; 18
- 19 (8) Assists or directs in the negotiation of any transaction calculated or

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20 intended to result in the sale, exchange, leasing or rental of real estate;

- (9) Engages in the business of charging to an unlicensed person an advance fee in connection with any contract whereby the real estate broker undertakes to promote the sale of that person's real estate through its listing in a publication issued for such purpose intended to be circulated to the general public;
- (10) Performs any of the foregoing acts on behalf of the owner of real estate, or interest therein, or improvements affixed thereon, for compensation.
- 2. A "real estate salesperson" is any person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, professional corporation, or corporation, domestic or foreign who for a compensation or valuable consideration becomes associated, either as an independent contractor or employee, either directly or indirectly, with a real estate broker to do any of the things above mentioned. The provisions of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall not be construed to deny a real estate salesperson who is compensated solely by commission the right to be associated with a broker as an independent contractor.
- 3. A "real estate broker-salesperson" is any person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, professional corporation, or corporation, domestic or foreign, who has a real estate broker license in good standing, who for a compensation or valuable consideration becomes associated, either as an independent contractor or employee, either directly or indirectly, with a real estate broker to do any of the things above mentioned. A real estate broker-salesperson may not also operate as a real estate broker. The provisions of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall not be construed to deny a real estate salesperson who is compensated solely by commission the right to be associated with a broker as an independent contractor.
- 49 [3.] 4. The term "commission" as used in sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 means the Missouri real estate commission.
- [4.] 5. "Real estate" for the purposes of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall mean, and include, leaseholds, as well as any other interest or estate in land, whether corporeal, incorporeal, freehold or nonfreehold, and the real estate is situated in this state.
  - [5.] 6. "Advertising" shall mean any communication, whether oral or

- 56 written, between a licensee or other entity acting on behalf of one or more
- 57 licensees and the public, and shall include, but not be limited to, business cards,
- 58 signs, insignias, letterheads, radio, television, newspaper and magazine ads,
- 59 Internet advertising, websites, display or group ads in telephone directories, and
- 60 billboards.
- 61 [6.] 7. The provisions of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710
- 62 to 339.860 shall not apply to:
- (1) Any person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability
- 64 company, association, professional corporation, or corporation who as owner,
- 65 lessor, or lessee shall perform any of the acts described in subsection 1 of this
- 66 section with reference to property owned or leased by them, or to the regular
- 67 employees thereof;
- 68 (2) Any licensed attorney-at-law;
- 69 (3) An auctioneer employed by the owner of the property;
- 70 (4) Any person acting as receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, administrator,
- 71 executor, or guardian or while acting under a court order or under the authority
- 72 of a will, trust instrument or deed of trust or as a witness in any judicial
- 73 proceeding or other proceeding conducted by the state or any governmental
- 74 subdivision or agency;
- 75 (5) Any person employed or retained to manage real property by, for, or
- 76 on behalf of the agent or the owner of any real estate shall be exempt from
- 77 holding a license, if the person is limited to one or more of the following activities:
- 78 (a) Delivery of a lease application, a lease, or any amendment thereof, to
- 79 any person;
- 80 (b) Receiving a lease application, lease, or amendment thereof, a security
- 81 deposit, rental payment, or any related payment, for delivery to, and made
- 82 payable to, a broker or owner;
- 83 (c) Showing a rental unit to any person, as long as the employee is acting
- 84 under the direct instructions of the broker or owner, including the execution of
- 85 leases or rental agreements;
- 86 (d) Conveying information prepared by a broker or owner about a rental
- 87 unit, a lease, an application for lease, or the status of a security deposit, or the
- 88 payment of rent, by any person;
- 89 (e) Assisting in the performance of brokers' or owners' functions,
- 90 administrative, clerical or maintenance tasks;
- 91 (f) If the person described in this section is employed or retained by, for,

- 92 or on behalf of a real estate broker, the real estate broker shall be subject to 93 discipline under this chapter for any conduct of the person that violates this 94 chapter or the regulations promulgated thereunder;
- 95 (6) Any officer or employee of a federal agency or the state government or 96 any political subdivision thereof performing official duties;
- 97 (7) Railroads and other public utilities regulated by the state of Missouri, 98 or their subsidiaries or affiliated corporations, or to the officers or regular 99 employees thereof, unless performance of any of the acts described in subsection 100 1 of this section is in connection with the sale, purchase, lease or other 101 disposition of real estate or investment therein unrelated to the principal 102 business activity of such railroad or other public utility or affiliated or subsidiary 103 corporation thereof;
- 104 (8) Any bank, trust company, savings and loan association, credit union, 105 insurance company, mortgage banker, or farm loan association organized under 106 the laws of this state or of the United States when engaged in the transaction of 107 business on its own behalf and not for others;
- 108 (9) Any newspaper, magazine, periodical, Internet site, Internet 109 communications, or any form of communications regulated or licensed by the 110 Federal Communications Commission or any successor agency or commission 111 whereby the advertising of real estate is incidental to its operation;
- 112 (10) Any developer selling Missouri land owned by the developer;
- 113 (11) Any employee acting on behalf of a nonprofit community, or regional 114 economic development association, agency or corporation which has as its 115 principal purpose the general promotion and economic advancement of the 116 community at large, provided that such entity:
- 117 (a) Does not offer such property for sale, lease, rental or exchange on 118 behalf of another person or entity;
- 119 (b) Does not list or offer or agree to list such property for sale, lease, 120 rental or exchange; or
- 121 (c) Receives no fee, commission or compensation, either monetary or in 122 kind, that is directly related to sale or disposal of such properties. An economic 123 developer's normal annual compensation shall be excluded from consideration as 124 commission or compensation related to sale or disposal of such properties; or
- 125 (12) Any neighborhood association, as that term is defined in section 126 441.500, RSMo, that without compensation, either monetary or in kind, provides 127 to prospective purchasers or lessors of property the asking price, location, and

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contact information regarding properties in and near the association's 128

129 neighborhood, including any publication of such information in a newsletter,

Internet site, or other medium. 130

339.020. It shall be unlawful for any person, partnership, limited 2 partnership, limited liability company, association, professional corporation, or corporation, foreign or domestic, to act as a real estate broker, real estate broker-salesperson, or real estate salesperson, or to advertise or assume to act as such without a license first procured from the commission.

339.030. A corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, professional corporation, or association shall be granted a broker's, broker-salesperson's, or salesperson's license when the 3 required fee is paid and:

- (1) For a real estate broker individual licenses have been issued to 5 every member, general partner, associate, manager, member, or officer of 6 such partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, professional corporation, or corporation who actively participates in its brokerage business and to every person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, professional corporation, or 10 corporation who acts as a salesperson for such partnership, limited 11 partnership, limited liability company, association, professional 1213 corporation, or corporation [and when the required fee is paid.]; or
  - (2) For a real estate broker-salesperson when an individual broker-salesperson license has been issued to every general partner, associate, manager, member, or officers of such partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, professional corporation, or corporation who acts as a broker-salesperson, and individual salesperson licenses have been issued to all general partners, associates, managers, members, or officers of such partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, association, professional corporation, or corporation who act as salesperson; or
- (3) For a real estate salesperson when individual salesperson licenses have been issued to all general partners, associates, managers, members, or officers of such partnership, limited partnership, limited 26liability company, association, professional corporation, or corporation 27who act as a salesperson.

339.040. 1. Licenses shall be granted only to persons who present, and

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- corporations, associations, [or] partnerships, limited partnerships and limited liability companies whose officers, professional corporations, managers, associates, [or] general partners, or members who actively 5 participate in such entity's brokerage, broker-salesperson, or
- salesperson business present, satisfactory proof to the commission that they: 6
  - (1) Are persons of good moral character; and
    - (2) Bear a good reputation for honesty, integrity, and fair dealing; and
- 9 (3) Are competent to transact the business of a broker or salesperson in such a manner as to safeguard the interest of the public. 10
- 11 2. In order to determine an applicant's qualifications to receive a license 12 under sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860, the commission shall hold oral or written examinations at such times and places as 13 the commission may determine. 14
- 15 3. Each applicant for a broker or salesperson license shall be at least eighteen years of age and shall pay the broker examination fee or the salesperson 16 17 examination fee.
- 4. Each applicant for a broker license shall be required to have 19 satisfactorily completed the salesperson license examination prescribed by the commission. For the purposes of this section only, the commission may permit a person who is not associated with a licensed broker to take the salesperson examination.
  - 5. Each application for a broker license shall include a certificate from the applicant's broker or brokers that the applicant has been actively engaged in the real estate business as a licensed salesperson for at least two years immediately preceding the date of application, and shall include a certificate from a school accredited by the commission under the provisions of section 339.045 that the applicant has, within six months prior to the date of application, successfully completed the prescribed broker curriculum or broker correspondence course offered by such school, except that the commission may waive all or part of the requirements set forth in this subsection when an applicant presents proof of other educational background or experience acceptable to the commission. Each application for a broker-salesperson license shall include evidence of the current broker license held by the applicant.
  - 6. Each application for a salesperson license shall include a certificate from a school accredited by the commission under the provisions of section 339.045 that the applicant has, within six months prior to the date of application,

successfully completed the prescribed salesperson curriculum or salesperson correspondence course offered by such school, except that the commission may waive all or part of the educational requirements set forth in this subsection when an applicant presents proof of other educational background or experience acceptable to the commission.

- 7. The commission may issue a temporary work permit pending final review and printing of the license to an applicant who appears to have satisfied the requirements for licenses. The commission may, at its discretion, withdraw the work permit at any time.
- 8. Every active broker, broker-salesperson, salesperson, officer, manager, general partner, member or associate shall provide upon request to the commission evidence that during the two years preceding he or she has completed twelve hours of real estate instruction in courses approved by the commission. The commission may, by rule and regulation, provide for individual waiver of this requirement.
- 9. Each entity that provides continuing education required under the provisions of subsection 8 of this section may make available instruction courses that the entity conducts through means of distance delivery. The commission shall by rule set standards for such courses. The commission may by regulation require the individual completing such distance-delivered course to complete an examination on the contents of the course. Such examination shall be designed to ensure that the licensee displays adequate knowledge of the subject matter of the course, and shall be designed by the entity producing the course and approved by the commission.
- or more of the licensed general partners, officers, managers, members or associates of a real estate partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, professional corporation, corporation, or association whereby the affairs of the broker, partnership, [or] limited partnership, limited liability company, professional corporation, corporation, or association cannot be carried on, the commission may issue, without examination or fee, to the legal representative or representatives of the deceased or incapacitated individual, or to another individual approved by the commission, a temporary broker license which shall authorize such individual to continue for a period to be designated by the commission to transact business for the sole purpose of winding up the affairs of the broker, partnership [or], limited partnership, limited liability

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74 company, professional corporation, corporation, or association under the
 75 supervision of the commission.

339.080. 1. The commission may refuse to examine or issue a license to any person known by it to be guilty of any of the acts or practices specified in subsection 2 of section 339.100, or to any person previously licensed whose license 3 has been revoked, or may refuse to issue a license to any association [or], partnership, corporation, professional corporation, limited partnership, 5 or limited liability company of which such person is a [member] manager, 6 officer or general partner, or in which as a member, partner or 8 associates such person has or exercises a controlling interest either directly or indirectly, or to any corporation of which such person is an officer 10 or in which as a stockholder such person has or exercises a controlling interest either directly or indirectly. 11

2. Any person denied a license or the right to be examined shall be so notified by the commission in writing stating the reasons for denial or refusal to examine and informing the person so denied of his right to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission in accordance with the applicable provisions of sections 621.015 to 621.198, RSMo, and the rules promulgated thereunder. All notices hereunder shall be sent by registered or certified mail to the last known address of the applicant.

339.110. The commission may refuse to issue a license to any person who is known by it to have been found guilty of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, extortion, criminal conspiracy to defraud, or other 3 like offense, or to any association [or], partnership, corporation, professional corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability company of which 5 6 [the person is a member] such person is a manager, officer or general partner, or in which as a member, partner or associate such person has or exercises a controlling interest either directly or indirectly, or to any 8 corporation of which [the] such person is an officer or in which as a stockholder 10 [the] such person has or exercises a controlling interest either directly or indirectly. 11

339.160. No person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company, professional corporations, corporation, or association engaged within this state in the business or acting in the capacity of a real estate broker, real estate broker-salesperson or real estate salesperson shall bring or maintain an action in any court in this state for the recovery of compensation

- 6 for services rendered in the buying, selling, exchanging, leasing, renting or
- 7 negotiating a loan upon any real estate without alleging and proving that such
- 8 person, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company,
- 9 professional corporation, corporation, or association, or its member,
- 10 manager, officer, general partner or associate, as applicable, was a
- 11 licensed real estate broker, **broker-salesperson** or salesperson at the time when
- 12 the alleged cause of action arose.
  - 339.170. Any person or corporation, professional corporation,
- 2 partnership, limited partnership, limited liability company or
- 3 association knowingly violating any provision of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and
- 4 sections 339.710 to 339.860 shall be guilty of a class B misdemeanor. Any officer
- 5 or agent of a corporation, or any member, manager, officer, associate,
- 6 general partner or agent of a partnership [or], association, corporation,
- 7 professional corporation, limited partnership, or limited liability
- 8 company who actively participate in such entity's brokerage business,
- 9 who shall knowingly and personally participate in or be an accessory to any
- 10 violation of sections 339.010 to 339.180 and sections 339.710 to 339.860, shall be
- 11 guilty of a class B misdemeanor. This section shall not be construed to release
- 12 any person from civil liability or criminal prosecution under any other law of this
- 13 state. The commission may cause complaint to be filed for violation of section
- 14 339.020 in any court of competent jurisdiction, and perform such other acts as
- 15 may be necessary to enforce the provisions hereof.
  - 339.710. For purposes of sections 339.010 to 339.180, and sections 339.710
- 2 to 339.860, the following terms mean:
- 3 (1) "Adverse material fact", a fact related to the property not reasonably
- 4 ascertainable or known to a party which negatively affects the value of the
- 5 property. Adverse material facts may include matters pertaining to:
- 6 (a) Environmental hazards affecting the property;
- 7 (b) Physical condition of the property which adversely affects the value of
- 8 the property;

- (c) Material defects in the property;
- 10 (d) Material defects in the title to the property;
- 11 (e) Material limitation of the party's ability to perform under the terms
- 12 of the contract;
- 13 (2) "Affiliated licensee", any broker or salesperson who works under the
- 14 supervision of a designated broker;

- 15 (3) "Agent", a person or entity acting pursuant to the provisions of this 16 chapter;
- 17 (4) "Broker disclosure form", the current form prescribed by the 18 commission for presentation to a seller, landlord, buyer or tenant who has not 19 entered into a written agreement for brokerage services;
- 20 (5) "Brokerage relationship", the relationship created between a designated broker, the broker's affiliated licensees, and a client relating to the performance of services of a broker as defined in section 339.010, and sections 339.710 to 339.860. If a designated broker makes an appointment of an affiliated licensee or affiliated licensees pursuant to section 339.820, such brokerage relationships are created between the appointed licensee or licensees and the client. Nothing in this subdivision shall:
- 27 (a) Alleviate the designated broker from duties of supervision of the 28 appointed licensee or licensees; or
- 29 (b) Alter the designated broker's underlying contractual agreement with 30 the client;
- 31 (6) "Client", a seller, landlord, buyer, or tenant who has entered into a 32 brokerage relationship with a licensee pursuant to sections 339.710 to 339.860;
- 33 (7) "Commercial real estate", any real estate other than real estate 34 containing one to four residential units or real estate classified as agricultural 35 and horticultural property for assessment purposes pursuant to section 137.016, 36 RSMo. Commercial real estate does not include single family residential units 37 including condominiums, townhouses, or homes in a subdivision when that real estate is sold, leased, or otherwise conveyed on a unit-by-unit basis even though 38 the units may be part of a larger building or parcel of real estate containing more 39 than four units; 40
  - (8) "Commission", the Missouri real estate commission;
- (9) "Confidential information", information obtained by the licensee from the client and designated as confidential by the client, information made confidential by sections 339.710 to 339.860 or any other statute or regulation, or written instructions from the client unless the information is made public or becomes public by the words or conduct of the client to whom the information pertains or by a source other than the licensee;
- 48 (10) "Customer", an actual or potential seller, landlord, buyer, or tenant 49 in a real estate transaction in which a licensee is involved but who has not 50 entered into a brokerage relationship with the licensee;

- 51 (11) "Designated agent", a licensee named by a designated broker as the 52 limited agent of a client as provided for in section 339.820;
- 53 (12) "Designated broker", any individual licensed as a broker who is 54 operating pursuant to the definition of real estate broker as defined in section
- 55 339.010, or any individual licensed as a broker who is appointed by a partnership,
- 56 limited partnership, association, limited liability corporation, professional
- 57 corporation, or a corporation engaged in the real estate brokerage business to
- 58 be responsible for the acts of the partnership, **limited partnership**, association,
- 59 limited liability [corporation,] company, professional corporation or
- 60 corporation. Every real estate broker partnership, limited partnership,
- 61 association, [or] limited liability [corporation] company, professional
- 62 **corporation** or corporation shall appoint a designated broker;
- 63 (13) "Designated transaction broker", a licensee named by a designated 64 broker or deemed appointed by a designated broker as the transaction broker for
- 65 a client pursuant to section 339.820;
- 66 (14) "Dual agency", a form of agency which may result when an agent
- 67 licensee or someone affiliated with the agent licensee represents another party
- 68 to the same transaction;
- 69 (15) "Dual agent", a limited agent who, with the written consent of all
- 70 parties to a contemplated real estate transaction, has entered into an agency
- 71 brokerage relationship, and not a transaction brokerage relationship, with and
- 72 therefore represents both the seller and buyer or both the landlord and tenant;
- 73 (16) "Exclusive brokerage agreement", means a written brokerage
- 74 agreement which provides that the broker has the sole right, through the broker
- 75 or through one or more affiliated licensees, to act as the exclusive limited agent,
- 76 representative, or transaction broker of the client or customer that meets the
- 77 requirements of section 339.780;
- 78 (17) "Licensee", a real estate broker or salesperson as defined in section
- 79 339.010;
- 80 (18) "Limited agent", a licensee whose duties and obligations to a client
- 81 are those set forth in sections 339.730 to 339.750;
- 82 (19) "Ministerial acts", those acts that a licensee may perform for a person
- 83 or entity that are informative in nature and do not rise to the level which
- 84 requires the creation of a brokerage relationship. Examples of these acts include,
- 85 but are not limited to:
- 86 (a) Responding to telephone inquiries by consumers as to the availability

- 87 and pricing of brokerage services;
- 88 (b) Responding to telephone inquiries from a person concerning the price 89 or location of property;
- 90 (c) Attending an open house and responding to questions about the
- 91 property from a consumer;92 (d) Setting an appointment to view property;
- 93 (e) Responding to questions of consumers walking into a licensee's office 94 concerning brokerage services offered on particular properties;
- 95 (f) Accompanying an appraiser, inspector, contractor, or similar third 96 party on a visit to a property;
- 97 (g) Describing a property or the property's condition in response to a 98 person's inquiry;
- 99 (h) Showing a customer through a property being sold by an owner on his 100 or her own behalf; or
  - (i) Referral to another broker or service provider;
- 102 (20) "Residential real estate", all real property improved by a structure 103 that is used or intended to be used primarily for residential living by human occupants and that contains not more than four dwelling units or that contains 104 single dwelling units owned as a condominium or in a cooperative housing 105 106 association, and vacant land classified as residential property. The term 107 "cooperative housing association" means an association, whether incorporated or 108 unincorporated, organized for the purpose of owning and operating residential 109 real property in Missouri, the shareholders or members of which, by reason of 110 their ownership of a stock or membership certificate, a proprietary lease, or other evidence of membership, are entitled to occupy a dwelling unit pursuant to the 111 112 terms of a proprietary lease or occupancy agreement;
- 113 (21) "Single agent", a licensee who has entered into a brokerage 114 relationship with and therefore represents only one party in a real estate 115 transaction. A single agent may be one of the following:
- 116 (a) "Buyer's agent", which shall mean a licensee who represents the buyer 117 in a real estate transaction;
- 118 (b) "Landlord's agent", which shall mean a licensee who represents a 119 landlord in a leasing transaction;
- 120 (c) "Seller's agent", which shall mean a licensee who represents the seller 121 in a real estate transaction; and
- 122 (d) "Tenant's agent", which shall mean a licensee who represents the

- 123 tenant in a leasing transaction;
- 124 (22) "Subagent", a designated broker, together with the broker's affiliated
- 125 licensees, engaged by another designated broker, together with the broker's
- 126 affiliated or appointed affiliated licensees, to act as a limited agent for a client,
- 127 or a designated broker's unappointed affiliated licensees engaged by the
- 128 designated broker, together with the broker's appointed affiliated licensees, to act
- 129 as a limited agent for a client. A subagent owes the same obligations and
- 130 responsibilities to the client pursuant to sections 339.730 to 339.740 as does the
- 131 client's designated broker;
- 132 (23) "Transaction broker", any licensee acting pursuant to sections
- 133 339.710 to 339.860, who:
- 134 (a) Assists the parties to a transaction without an agency or fiduciary
- 135 relationship to either party and is, therefore, neutral, serving neither as an
- 136 advocate or advisor for either party to the transaction;
- (b) Assists one or more parties to a transaction and who has not entered
- 138 into a specific written agency agreement to represent one or more of the parties;
- 139 or
- 140 (c) Assists another party to the same transaction either solely or through
- 141 licensee affiliates. Such licensee shall be deemed to be a transaction broker and
- 142 not a dual agent, provided that, notice of assumption of transaction broker status
- 143 is provided to the buyer and seller immediately upon such default to transaction
- 144 broker status, to be confirmed in writing prior to execution of the contract.
  - 339.845. If the commission receives a notice of delinquent taxes
  - 2 from the director of revenue under the provisions of section 324.010
  - 3 regarding a real estate broker or salesperson, the commission shall
  - 4 immediately send a copy of such notice to the real estate broker with
  - 5 which the real estate broker or salesperson is associated.

344.010. As used in this chapter the following words or phrases mean:

- 2 (1) "Board", the Missouri board of nursing home administrators;
- 3 (2) "Long-term care facility", any residential care facility, assisted living
- 4 facility, intermediate care facility or skilled nursing facility, as defined in section
- 5 198.006, RSMo, or similar facility licensed by states other than Missouri;
- 6 (3) "Nursing home", any institution or facility defined as an assisted living
- 7 facility, residential care facility, intermediate care facility, or skilled nursing
- 8 facility for licensing purposes by section 198.006, RSMo, whether proprietary or
- 9 nonprofit;

10 (4) "Nursing home administrator", a person who administers, manages, 11 supervises, or is in general administrative charge of a nursing home, whether 12 such individual has an ownership interest in the home, and whether his functions 13 and duties are shared with one or more individuals.

administrator without first procuring a license from the Missouri board of nursing home administrators as provided in sections 344.010 to 344.108. The board may issue a separate license to administrators of residential care facilities that were licensed as a residential care facility II on or before August 27, 2006, that continues to meet the licensure standards for a residential care facility II in effect on August 27, 2006, and assisted living facilities, as defined in section 198.006, RSMo. Any individual who receives a license to operate a residential care facility or an assisted living facility is not thereby authorized to operate any intermediate care facility or skilled nursing facility as those terms are defined in section 198.006, RSMo.

630.575. 1. There is hereby established within the department of mental health the "Missouri Eating Disorder Council" which shall consist of the following persons to be selected by and the number of members to be determined by the director of the department of mental health:

- (1) Director's designees from the department of mental health;
- 7 (2) Eating disorder researchers, clinicians, and patient advocacy 8 groups; and
- 9 (3) The general public.
- 10 2. The council shall:

- 11 (1) Oversee the eating disorder education and awareness 12 programs established in section 630.580.
- (2) Identify whether adequate treatment and diagnostic services
   are available in the state; and
- 15 (3) Assist the department of mental health in identifying eating 16 disorder research projects.
- 3. Members of the council shall serve four-year terms, with the initial terms of the members staggered as two-year, three-year, and four-year terms. The members of the council may be reappointed. The members of the council shall not receive compensation for their service on the council, but may, subject to appropriation, be reimbursed for

- 22 their actual and necessary expenses incurred as members of the 23 council.
- 4. The council shall conduct an organizational meeting at the call of the director of the department of mental health. At such meeting,
- 26 the council shall select a chair and vice chair of the
- 27 council. Subsequent meetings of the council shall be called as
- 28 necessary by the chair of the council or the director of the department
- 29 of mental health.
- 630.580. 1. The department of mental health, in collaboration 2 with the departments of health and senior services, elementary and
- 3 secondary education, and higher education and in consultation with the
- 4 Missouri eating disorder council established in section 630.575, shall
- 5 develop and implement the following education and awareness
- 6 programs:
- 7 (1) Health care professional education and training programs
- B designed to prevent and treat eating disorders. Such programs shall
- 9 include:
- 10 (a) Discussion of various strategies with patients from at-risk
- 11 and diverse populations to promote positive behavior change and
- 12 healthy lifestyles to prevent eating disorders;
- 13 **(b)** Identification of individuals with eating disorders and those
- 14 who are at risk for developing an eating disorder;
- 15 (c) Conducting a comprehensive assessment of individual and
- 16 familial health risk factors:
- 17 (2) Education and training programs for elementary and
- 18 secondary and higher education professionals. Such programs shall
- 19 include:
- 20 (a) Distribution of educational materials to middle and high
- 21 school students in both public and private schools, including but not
- 22 limited to utilization of the National Women's Health Information
- 23 Center's Body Wise materials;
- 24 (b) Development of a curriculum which focuses on a healthy
- 25 body image, identifying the warning signs and behaviors associated
- 26 with an eating disorder, and ways to assist the individual, friends, or
- 27 family members who may have an eating disorder; and
- 28 (3) General eating disorder awareness and education programs.
- 29 2. The department of mental health may seek the cooperation

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and assistance of any state department or agency, as the department deems necessary, in the development and implementation of the awareness and education programs implemented under this section.

[214.290. Any cemetery operator who within ninety days from the effective date of sections 214.270 to 214.410 elects to operate a cemetery which exists on the effective date of sections 214.270 to 214.410 as an endowed care cemetery or who represents to the public that perpetual, permanent, endowed, continual, eternal care, care of duration or similar care will be furnished cemetery property sold, shall before selling or disposing of any interment space or lots in said cemetery after the date of such election, establish a minimum endowed care and maintenance fund in cash in the amount required by section 214.300 unless an endowed care fund is already in existence to which regular deposits have been made (whether or not the fund then existing shall be in the minimum amount required under section 214.300).]

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